

COVER SHEET

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S.E.C. Registration Number

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(Company’s Full Name)

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(Business Address : No. Street/City/Province)

Jonamel G. Israel-Orbe									
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Contact Person

304-6213 / 310-7100									
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Company Telephone Number

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Month Day

Fiscal Year

SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive)									
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FORM TYPE

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Annual Meeting

Not applicable									
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Secondary License Type, If Applicable

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Dept. Requiring this Doc.

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Amended Articles Number/Section

										Total Amount of Borrowings																			
										Domestic										Foreign									

Total No. of Stockholders

To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned

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File Number

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Document I.D.

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## **NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS**

Please take notice that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of **ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC.** will be held on 10 May 2017 at 2:00 p.m. at the 5<sup>th</sup> Floor of The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, Ayala Avenue corner Malugay Street, Makati City to discuss the following:

### **AGENDA**

1. Call to order
2. Certification of Notice and Quorum
3. Review and approval of the minutes of the previous meeting

The minutes of the previous meeting held on May 31, 2016 will be presented for approval by the stockholders. Copies of the minutes of the meeting will be distributed to the stockholders before the meeting. A resolution to this agenda item must be approved with a majority vote of the stockholders present and eligible to vote.

4. Annual report of Management and approval of the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2016

After the President's report on the performance of the Company in the year 2016 and the plan of operations for the year 2017, the Company's Financial Statements as of December 31, 2016 will be presented for approval by the stockholders. The Financial Statements of the Company is included in the Information Statement to be sent to the stockholders prior to the meeting.

5. Ratification of all acts and resolutions adopted by the Board of Director, Executive Committee and other committees of the Board of Directors, and Management since the last Annual Stockholders Meeting held on May 31, 2016.

Ratification by the stockholders will be sought for all acts and resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors, Executive Committee and other committees of the Board of Directors, and Management since the last Annual Stockholders Meeting on May 31, 2016. These acts and resolutions include approval of agreements, fiscal or treasury matters, regulatory matters, and other matters taken in the conduct of the regular business of the Company. A resolution on this agenda item must be approved by a majority vote of the stockholders present and eligible to vote.

6. Amendment to the corporation's Articles of Incorporation

The amendment to the corporation's Article of Incorporation that will reflect the change of address of the principal office of the corporation from "10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Alphaland Southgate Tower, 2258 Chino Roces Avenue Extension corner EDSA, Makati City" to "Alphaland Makati Place, 7232 Ayala Avenue corner Malugay Street, Barangay Bel-Air, 1209 Makati City, Philippines" will be proposed for the consideration and approval of stockholders. A resolution on this agenda item must be approved by at least two-thirds (2/3) of the outstanding capital stock.

7. Election of member of the Board of Directors (including Independent Directors)

The Nominations Committee will determine whether the nominees for membership in the Board of Directors of the Company have all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as members of the Board. The qualified nominees will be

submitted for election by the stockholders. The profile of the nominees to the Board of Directors of the Company will be included in the Information Statement that will be sent to the stockholders prior to the meeting. Members of the Board of Directors of the Company are elected by plurality of votes using the cumulative voting method.

8. Appointment of External Auditor

The appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as the Company's External Auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed for the consideration and approval of stockholders. A resolution on this agenda item must be approved by a majority vote of the stockholders present and eligible to vote.

9. Other matters

The Chairman will open the floor for comments and questions by the stockholders. Such other relevant matters or issues may also be considered by the stockholders.


10. Adjournment

For purposes of the meeting, only stockholders of record as of April 12, 2017 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Registration starts at 1:30 p.m. For your convenience in registering your attendance, please have available some form of identification, such as your driver's license, passport or other identification issued by any government agency. For representatives of corporate stockholders, kindly bring an original signed and notarized Board Resolution authorizing you to vote the shares of the company you represent.

Should you be unable to attend the meeting in person, you may execute a proxy in favor of a representative. The giving of such proxy will not affect your right to vote in person, should you decide to attend the Annual Meeting.

MAR 31 2017

  
**CLIBURN ANTHONY A. ORBE**  
Corporate Secretary

SEC FORM 20-IS

INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 20  
OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

1. Check the appropriate box:

- ☐ Preliminary Information Statement  
☒ Definitive Information Statement

2. Name of Registrant as specified in its charter ATOK BIG-WEDGE CO., INC.

3. PHILIPPINES

Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization

4. SEC Identification Number PW 427-A

5. BIR Tax Identification Code 000-707-286

6. 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Alphaland Southgate Tower, 2258 Chino Roces Ave. Ext, Makati City

Address of principal office

Postal Code 1232

7. Registrant's telephone number, including area code +632 304-6282

8. Date, time and place of meeting of security holders

Date May 10, 2017

Time 2:00 pm

Place The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place,  
Ayala Avenue corner Malugay Street,  
Makati City

9. Approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders: April 18, 2017, or at least fifteen (15) business days prior to meeting date.

10. Proxies will not be solicited.

11. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants):

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares Outstanding	Amount of Liabilities Outstanding as of December 31, 2016 (in Php)
Common Shares	2,545,000,000	2,109,743

12. Are any or all of registrant's securities listed in a Stock Exchange?

Yes ☒ No

**PART I.**

**A. GENERAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Date, time and place of meeting of security holders.**

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "AB", the "Corporation" or the "Company") will be held on May 10, 2017 at 2:00 P.M. at The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, 7232 Ayala Avenue Extension corner Malugay Street, Makati City.

The complete mailing address of the registrant is the 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Alphaland Southgate Tower, 2258 Chino Roces Avenue Extension corner EDSA, 1232 Makati City.

The approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders is April 18, 2017 or at least fifteen (15) business days prior to meeting date.

**Item 2. Dissenters' Right of Appraisal**

There are no matters or proposed actions as specified in the attached Notice of Annual Meeting that may give rise to a possible exercise by shareholders of their appraisal rights or similar rights as provided in Title X of the Corporation Code of the Philippines.

Pursuant to Sections 81 and 42 of the Corporation Code, shareholders of the Company may exercise their right of appraisal in the following instances:

- (i) any amendment of the articles of incorporation which has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholder or class of share, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence;
- (ii) sale, lease, exchange, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the property or assets of the corporation;
- (iii) incurring, creating or increasing bonded indebtedness;
- (iv) increase or decrease of capital stock;
- (v) merger or consolidation of the corporation with another corporation or other corporations;
- (vi) dissolution of the corporation;
- (vii) declaration of stock dividends;
- (viii) removal of directors;
- (ix) extension or limitation of corporate term;
- (x) investment of corporate funds in another corporation or business or for any purpose other than the primary purpose for which the corporation was organized;
- (xi) delegation to the board of directors of the power to amend or repeal by-laws or adopt new by-laws.

Each share of stock is entitled to one vote during stockholders' meetings. However, at all elections of directors, every stockholder entitled to vote may vote such number of stocks for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or he may cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his shares shall equal, or he may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he shall see fit.

The election of directors may only be held at a meeting convened for that purpose at which stockholders representing a majority of the outstanding capital stock are present in person or by proxy. However, any vacancy in the board, other than by removal or expiration of term, may be filled by the majority of the remaining directors if still constituting a quorum.

A shareholder who shall have voted against any proposed action may exercise his appraisal right by making a written demand on the Company within thirty (30) days after the date of the shareholders meeting. Failure to make the demand within the prescribed period shall be deemed a waiver of the appraisal right. If the proposed corporate action is implemented, the Company shall pay the dissenting stockholder upon surrender of the stock certificates representing his shareholdings in the Company based on the fair value thereof as of the day prior to the date of the shareholders meeting, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of such corporate actions, provided that no payment shall be made to the dissenting shareholder unless the Company has unrestricted retained earnings to cause such payment.

If within a period of sixty (60) days from the date of the corporate action was approved by the stockholders, the withdrawing stockholder and the Company cannot agree on the fair value of shares, it shall be determined and appraised by three (3) disinterested persons, one of whom shall be named by the shareholder, another by the Corporation and the third by the two thus chosen. The findings of the majority of the appraiser shall be final and their award shall be paid by the Company within thirty (30) days after such award is made.

#### **Item 3. Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to Matters to be Acted Upon**

No director or officer of the Corporation, or nominee for election as director of the Corporation, or any associate of any of the foregoing persons, has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any matter to be acted upon in the stockholders' meeting, other than election to office.

No director has informed the Corporation, in writing or otherwise, that he intends to oppose any action to be taken by the registrant at the Meeting.

### **B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION**

#### **Item 4. Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof**

- (a) All the outstanding 2,545,000,000 common shares of the Corporation as of record date are entitled to vote at the rate of one (1) vote per share.
- (b) The record date for purposes of determining the stockholders entitled to vote is April 12, 2017.
- (c) An item in the Agenda for the Annual Meeting is the election of directors for the ensuing year. The Corporation's stockholders have cumulative voting rights in the election of directors. Thus, a stockholder entitled to vote at the stockholders' meeting shall have the right to vote, in person or by proxy, the number of shares registered in his name in the stock and transfer book of the Corporation for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or he may cumulate said shares and give one nominee as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his shares shall equal, or he may distribute them on the same cumulative

voting principle among as many nominees as he shall see fit; provided that the total number of votes cast by a stockholder shall not exceed the number of his shares multiplied by the number of directors to be elected.

Only registered stockholders of good standing as of April 12, 2017 are entitled to vote.

The following have been nominated to the Board of Directors for the ensuing year:

Roberto V. Ongpin  
Eric O. Recto  
Walter W. Brown  
Anna Bettina Ongpin  
Michael Angelo Patrick M. Asperin  
Dennis O. Valdes  
Mario A. Oreta  
John Peter Chick B. Castelo  
Cliburn Anthony A. Orbe  
Margarito B. Teves – Independent Director  
Gregorio Ma. Araneta III – Independent Director

The following names have been nominated as members of the various committees of the Board of Directors for the ensuing year:

**Executive Committee**

- a. Roberto V. Ongpin (Chairman)
- b. Eric O. Recto
- c. Anna Bettina Ongpin

**Audit Committee**

- a. Margarito B. Teves (Chairman/Independent Director)
- b. Eric O. Recto
- c. Gregorio Ma. Araneta III (Independent Director)

**Nominations Committee**

- a. Roberto V. Ongpin (Chairman)
- b. Eric O. Recto
- c. Margarito B. Teves (Independent Director)

**Compensation Committee**

- a. Roberto V. Ongpin (Chairman)
- b. Eric O. Recto
- c. Gregorio Ma. Araneta III (Independent Director)

The aforementioned nominees were nominated to the Nominations Committee by shareholders of the Company.

Pursuant to Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code and Article III, Section 2 of the Corporation's By-Laws, the Corporation is required to elect at least two (2) independent directors, or such independent directors constituting at least twenty percent (20%) of the members of such board, whichever is less. Messrs. Margarito B. Teves, and Gregorio Ma.

Araneta III were nominated by Mr. Roberto V. Ongpin. The nominating shareholders are not related to any of the nominees, including that of the independent director.

A majority of the above named nominees are expected to attend the scheduled Annual Meeting.

(d ) Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners and Management

1. Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners of More Than 5% as of 31 March 2016

(1) TITLE OF CLASS	(2) NAME AND ADDRESS OF RECORD OWNER AND RELATIONSHIP WITH	(3) NAME OF BENEFICIAL OWNER AND RELATIONSHIP WITH	(4) CITIZENSHIP	(5) NUMBER OF SHARES	(6) PERCENT TO TOTAL OUTSTANDING
Common	Boerstar Corporation* 6766 Ayala Avenue corner Paseo De Roxas, Makati City (Stockholder)	Roberto V. Ongpin – Beneficial Owner	Filipino	1,485,685,983	58.38%
Common	Boerstar Corporation* 6766 Ayala Avenue corner Paseo De Roxas, Makati City (Stockholder)	Eric O. Recto – Beneficial Owner	Filipino	289,532,821	11.38%
Common	North Kitanglad Agricultural Co., Inc. Kalugmanan Manolo Fortich, Bukidnon (Stockholder)	Walter W. Brown – controlling shareholder	Filipino	309,000,000**	12.14%
Common	PCD Nominee Corporation (Stockholder)	North Kitanglad Agricultural Co., Inc. – beneficial owner	Filipino	200,000,000**	7.86%

\* All shares subscribed by Boerstar Corporation, both fully paid-up and partially paid. The total fully paid-up shares amount to 493,182,278.

\*\*North Kitanglad Agricultural Co., Inc. (NKACI) has 200,000,000 shares lodged with PDTC and held by PCD Nominee Corporation. In all, NKACI owns 509,000,000 shares representing 20% of the total outstanding shares of the Company. Only the 200,000,000 shares are fully-paid shares.

Except as stated above, the Board of Directors and Management of the Company have no knowledge of any person who, as at Record Date, was indirectly or directly the beneficial owner or more than 5% of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock or who has voting power or investment power with respect to shares comprising more than five percent (5%) of the outstanding shares of common stock. As of 31 March 2017, there are no persons holding more than 5% of the Company's common stocks that are under a voting trust or similar agreement.



2. Security Ownership of Management as of 31 March 2017 --

TITLE OF CLASS	NAME OF BENEFICIAL OWNER	AMOUNT AND NATURE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP	CITIZENSHIP	PERCENT OF CLASS
Common	Roberto V. Ongpin	1 (direct) 1,485,685,983 (indirect)	Filipino	Nil 58.38%
Common	Eric O. Recto	1 (direct) 289,532,821 (indirect)	Filipino	Nil 11.38%
Common	Walter W. Brown	1 (direct) 509,000,000 (indirect)	Filipino	Nil 20.00%
Common	Dennis O. Valdes	1 (direct)	Filipino	Nil
Common	Jose Raymund L. Apostol	100 (direct)	Filipino	Nil
Common	Gregorio Ma. Araneta III	1,000 (direct)	Filipino	Nil
Common	Mario A. Oreta	1 (direct)	Filipino	Nil
Common	Michael Angelo Patrick M. Asperin	100 (direct)	Filipino	Nil
Common	Margarito B. Teves	100 (direct)	Filipino	Nil
Common	John Peter Chick B. Castelo	102 (direct)	Filipino	Nil
Common	Cliburn Anthony A. Orbe	100 (direct)	Filipino	Nil
Common	Anna Bettina Ongpin	100 (direct)	Filipino	Nil
TOTAL		2,284,218,804		89.76%
Total Issued & Outstanding Shares		2,545,000,000		100%

Mr. Roberto V. Ongpin beneficially owns and controls Boerstar Corporation ("Boerstar"), which is the registered owner of approximately 69.75% of the Company. However, Mr. Eric O. Recto is the beneficial owner of 289,532,821 common shares registered in the name of Boerstar, corresponding to approximately 11.38% of the Company as indicated above.

In 2012, Boerstar Corporation sold a portion of its shareholdings in the Company to other entities to enable the Company to comply with the minimum public float requirement of the PSE. Upon approval of its Executive Committee of the Board of Directors, the Company agreed to shoulder the transaction costs amounting to P27,300,000 for the transfer of ownership of the shares of Boerstar Corporation to other parties.

To the extent known to the Corporation, there is no person holding more than five percent (5%) of the Corporation's voting stock under a voting trust or similar agreement.

(e) Changes in Control

The Corporation is not aware of any change in control or arrangement that may result in a change in control of the Corporation during the period covered by this Statement.

Item 5. **Names of Directors and Executive Officers** –

The names of the Directors and Executive Officers of the Corporation as of 31 December 2016, and their respective ages, positions held and periods of service are as follows:

Name	Age	Position	Period During Which the Individual has Served as Such
Roberto V. Ongpin	80	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Director	12 November 2009 to Present
Eric O. Recto	53	Vice Chairman, Director and Acting President	10 December 2009 to Present; 12 November 2009 to Present; 1 September 2016 to Present
Walter W. Brown	76	Director	10 December 2009 to Present
Jose Raymund L. Apostol*	52	President and Director	20 May 2013 up to 1 September 2016; 20 May 2013 to Present
Dennis O. Valdes	55	Director	12 November 2009 to Present
Anna Bettina Ongpin	52	Director	12 March 2014 to Present
Michael Angelo Patrick M. Asperin	58	Director	28 August 2014 to Present
John Peter Chick B. Castelo	51	Director	28 August 2014 to Present
Victor C. Macalincag**	81	Independent Director	20 April 2012 to 30 March 2017
Margarito B. Teves	73	Independent Director	26 May 2011 to Present
Gregorio Ma. Araneta III	69	Independent Director	28 August 2014 to Present
Mario A. Oreta	70	Director	12 November 2009 to Present
Cliburn Anthony A. Orbe	42	Corporate Information Officer, Director and Corporate Secretary	12 March 2014 to Present May 2014 to Present May 31, 2016 to Present
Jonamel G. Israel-Orbe	44	Corporate Information Officer and Assistant Corporate Secretary	12 March 2014 to Present 28 August 2014 to Present

\* Resigned as President as of September 1, 2016.

\*\* Died on March 30, 2017.

Following are information on the educational attainment, business experience for the last five years and other directorships held in other companies (credentials of each of the above-named Directors and Officers, and present nominees for membership in the Board of Directors of the Corporation:

**ROBERTO V. ONGPIN**, *Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Director*

Mr. Ongpin, Filipino, 80 years old, was elected Director and Chairman of the Board on 12 November 2009. He was a Director of San Miguel Corporation (SMC), PAL Holdings, Inc. (PAL) and Petron Corporation (PCOR). He is also the Chairman of Alphaland Corporation (APHA) and Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc. (ABICI). In Hong Kong, he was the Non-Executive Director of Shangri-La Asia and was the Deputy Chairman of the South China Morning Post, both listed in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. He was also a Non-Executive Director of Forum Energy PLC (United Kingdom). Mr. Ongpin graduated cum laude

in Business Administration from the Ateneo de Manila University, is a Certified Public Accountant and has an MBA from the Harvard Business School.

**ERIC O. RECTO**, *Vice-Chairman, President and Director*

Mr. Recto, Filipino, 53 years old, was elected Director on 12 November 2009 and appointed as Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors on 12 December 2009. He was appointed Acting President on 1 September 2016. He is also the Chairman and CEO of ISM Communications Corporation (ISM), Chairman and President of Bedfordbury Development Corporation, Chairman of Philippine Bank of Communications (PBC), a Member of the Board of Supervisors of Acentic GmbH, and a Director of Petron Corporation (PCOR). Mr. Recto has a degree in Industrial Engineering from the University of the Philippines as well as an MBA from the Johnson School, Cornell University.

**WALTER W. BROWN**, *Director*

Dr. Brown, 76, Filipino, is also the Chairman of A Brown Company, Inc., Palm Thermal Consolidated Holdings Corporation, International Cleanenvironment Systems, Inc., North Kitanglad Agricultural Company, Inc., PhiGold and A Brown Energy & Resources Dev't. Inc., President of Monte Oro Resources and Energy Inc., and PBJ Corporation. He received two undergraduate degrees: B.S. Physical Science (1959) and B.S. Geology (1960), both from the University of the Philippines, and post graduate degrees from Stanford University: M.S. Economic Geology (1963), and Ph.D in Geology, and Major in Geochemistry (1965). He was a candidate in master of Business Economics (1980) from the University of Asia & the Pacific (formerly Center for Research & Communications). He is currently the Chairman and Director of Family Farm School (PPAI), Chairman and President of Studium Theologiae Foundation, Vice Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Xavier University, and Member of the Chamber of Mines of the Philippines, Inc., and the Geological Society of the Philippines.

**ANNA BETTINA ONGPIN**, *Director*

Ms. Ongpin, Filipino, 52, is also the Vice Chairman and President of Alphaland Corporation, and The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, Inc. and the Vice Chairman of Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc. Ms. Ongpin has more than 20 years of communications, marketing, project management, and operations experience in the management consulting and media fields. She holds a Bachelor's Degree in Political Science from Wellesley College.

**MICHAEL ANGELO PATRICK M. ASPERIN**, *Director*

Mr. Asperin, Filipino, 58 years old, was elected Director on August 28, 2014. He is also the President and Chief Executive Officer of Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc. (ABICI). He is also the Chief Operating Officer of Alphaland Corporation and handles various matters for the Alphaland Group of Companies including the development of the Balesin Island Club project, as well as the operations of the aviation and security divisions of the Group. Prior to joining ALPHA, he served as Senior Vice President for Security for Philweb Corporation (WEB) from 2009 to 2012. He graduated from the Philippine Military Academy in 1981.

**DENNIS O. VALDES, *Director***

Mr. Valdes, Filipino, 55, was elected Director on 12 November 2009. He is also the President and a Director of Philweb Corporation (since 2006), and a Director of Alphaland Corporation (since 2011). His previous work experience includes 10 years with the Inquirer Group of Companies, as a Director of the newspaper, and he was also in charge of expanding their Internet, printing, and ink-making operations. He is a Certified Public Accountant, graduated magna cum laude in Business Administration and Accountancy from the University of the Philippines and has an MBA from the Kellogg School of Management, Northwestern University.

**MARIO A. ORETA, *Director***

Mr. Oreta, Filipino, 70 years old, was elected Director of the Company on 12 November 2009. He is also the Chairman of The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, Inc. He graduated with honors from the Ateneo De Manila University with a degree in Bachelor of Laws and immediately joined the law firm of Siguion Reyna, Montecillo and Ongsiako. He is one of the managing partners of The Law Firm of Tanjuatco Oreta and Partners.

**JOHN PETER CHICK B. CASTELO, *Director***

Mr. Castelo, Filipino, 51, was elected Director on 28 August 2014. He is presently the Senior Vice President for Business Development of Araneta Center Inc. and sits in the board of its various subsidiaries and affiliates. He had 27 years of experience in real estate and finance industries. He earned his Masters in Business Administration and Degree in Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering from the University of the Philippines in Diliman.

**MARGARITO B. TEVES, *Independent Director***

Mr. Teves, Filipino, 73 years old, was elected Independent Director on August 31, 2011. He is also an Independent Director of Alphaland Corporation, Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc., and The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, Inc. Mr. Teves is currently the Chairman of Think Tank, Inc., Member of the Board of Advisers of Bank of Communications. He obtained a Higher National Diploma (HND) in Business Studies, equivalent to a BSC in Business Economics from the City of London College and a Master of Arts (MA) in Development Economics from the Center for Development Economics, Williams College, Massachusetts, USA. He was recently conferred an Honorary Degree, Doctor of Laws, by Williams College, and named Senior Adviser to the China-Asean Economic and Culture Research Center and Visiting Professor at the Guilin University of Electronic Technology in China.

**GREGORIO MA. ARANETA III, *Independent Director***

Mr. Araneta, III, Filipino, 69 years old, is also a Director and the Chairman of Philweb Corporation. He is an independent director of Alphaland Corporation, Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc. and The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, Inc. He is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Araneta Properties, Inc. since 2010. He is President and Chairman of ARAZA Resources Corporation and Carmel Development Corporation, Chairman of Gregorio Araneta Inc., Gregorio Araneta Management Corporation, and Gamma Properties, Inc. Mr. Araneta studied at the University of San Francisco and Ateneo de Manila University where he earned his Bachelor of Arts Degree in Economics.

**CLIBURN ANTHONY A. ORBE**, *Director and Corporate Information Officer*

Mr. Orbe, Filipino, 42, was appointed Corporate Information Officer since 12 March 2014 to present and as director of the Company since May 2014 up to the present. He is also Director (since May 2014 to present), Corporate Secretary (since March 31, 2016 to present), and Corporate Information Officer (since May 26, 2014 to present) of WEB, and Corporate Secretary (since 31 May 2016 to present) and Corporate Information Officer (since March 2014 to present) of ALPHA. He has a Bachelor of Laws degree from Mindanao State University where he graduated cum laude and class valedictorian. He is a member of the Integrated Bar of the Philippines.

**JONAMEL G. ISRAEL-ORBE**, *Corporate Information Officer and Assistance Corporate Secretary*

Ms. Israel-Orbe, Filipino, 44 years old, was appointed as Corporate Information Officer of the Company since March 12, 2014 to present, and as Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Company since August 28, 2014 to present. She is also the Assistant Corporate Secretary (since May 31, 2016 to present) and Corporate Information Officer (since March 2014) of Alphaland Corporation. She is a member of the Philippine Bar.

**For election during the Annual Meeting:**

As regular Directors –

**ROBERTO V. ONGPIN** (incumbent)  
**ERIC O. RECTO** (incumbent)  
**WALTER W. BROWN** (incumbent)  
**ANNA BETTINA ONGPIN** (incumbent)  
**MICHAEL ANGELO PATRICK M. ASPERIN** (incumbent)  
**DENNIS O. VALDES** (incumbent)  
**JOHN PETER CHICK B. CASTELO** (incumbent)  
**MARIO A. ORETA** (incumbent)  
**CLIBURN ANTHONY A. ORBE** (incumbent)

As Independent Directors-

**MARGARITO B. TEVES** (incumbent)  
**GREGORIO MA. ARANETA III** (incumbent)

The procedure and requirements under Rule 38 (Requirements on Nomination and Election of Independent Directors) of the Securities and Regulation Code, substantially incorporated in Article II of Section 4 (Nomination and Election of Independent Directors) of the Company's Amended By-Laws, which were approved on 16 July 2008, were followed in the nomination of Independent Directors and will be observed in the election of Independent Directors.

Each of Messrs. Margarito B. Teves and Gregorio Ma. Araneta III, if elected, would be an independent director who does not have a relationship with the Company which would interfere with the exercise of his independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director. Messrs. Teves and Araneta are not related to any of the directors or officers of the Company.

Mr. Roberto V. Ongpin nominated Messrs. Teves, and Araneta, as independent directors of the Company for the ensuing year. The Nominations Committee has taken into consideration the qualifications to be an independent director. Attached as **Annexes "A" and "B"** are the Certificates on the qualification of the nominees for Independent Directors.

In approving the nominations for Independent Directors, the Nomination Committee took into consideration the guidelines on the nomination of Independent Directors prescribed in SEC Memorandum Circular No. 16, Series of 2002. All the nominees for election to the Board of Directors have at least one (1) share registered in their names.

#### **Term of Office**

Under Article II, Section 1 of the Corporation's Amended By-Laws, the directors chosen by the stockholders of the Corporation entitled to vote at the annual meeting shall hold office for one (1) year until their successors are elected and shall have qualified.

#### **Directorships in Other Reporting Companies**

Mr. Roberto V. Ongpin also serves as director and the Chairman of Alphaland Corporation (ALPHA) and Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc. (ABICI).

Mr. Eric O. Recto is also director and the Chairman and CEO of ISM, director and Chairman of PBC, and a director of PCOR.

Dr. Walter W. Brown is also a director of A Brown Company, Inc.

Ms. Anna Bettina Ongpin is a director and the Vice Chairman and President of Alphaland Corporation and The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, Inc. She is also a director and the Vice Chairman of Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc.

Mr. Michael Angelo Patrick M. Asperin is a director and Chief Operating Officer of Alphaland Corporation. He is also a director and the Chief Executive Officer and President of Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc. He is also a director of Philweb Corporation.

Mr. Margarito B. Teves is also an Independent Director of Alphaland Corporation, Philweb Corporation, The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, Inc., and Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc.

Mr. Gregorio Ma. Araneta III is also an Independent Director of Alphaland Corporation, The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, and Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc. He is also a director and the Chairman of Philweb Corporation.

Mr. Dennis O. Valdes, is a Director of Philweb Corporation and Alphaland Corporation.

Mr. Cliburn Anthony A. Orbe is also a director of Alphaland Corporation and Philweb Corporation.

Shares of ISM Communications Corporation (ISM), Philweb Corporation (WEB), Petron Corporation (PCOR), Philippine Bank of Communications (PBC), and A Brown Company, Inc. (BRN) are all listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. Shares of Alphaland Corporation, The City Club at Alphaland

Makati Place, Inc. and Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc. are covered by Registration Statements filed with the SEC.

### Significant Employee

The Company considers its entire workforce as significant employees (including employees of its subsidiary AB Stock Transfers Corporation). Everyone is expected to work together as a team to achieve the Company's goals.

### Family Relationships

Ms. Anna Bettina Ongpin is a daughter of Mr. Roberto V. Ongpin. Messrs. Recto and Valdes are nephews of Mr. Ongpin. Atty. Cliburn Anthony A. Orbe and Atty. Jonamel G. Israel-Orbe are married to each other. Other than the foregoing, the persons nominated or chosen by the Company to become directors or executive officers are not related to each other up to the fourth civil degree either by consanguinity or affinity.

### Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

1. *Atty. Zenaida Ongkiko-Acorda, as attorney in fact of Atty. Mario E. Ongkiko and in behalf of Philex Mining Corporation vs. Roberto V. Ongpin, et al.*, SEC Case No. 11-166, Branch 158, Regional Trial Court of Pasig. This involves a purported "derivative suit" filed on behalf of Philex against RVO and other companies beneficially owned by RVO in connection with Section 23.2 of the Securities Regulation Code and in order to recover the "short-swing profits", which were allegedly realized from supposed transactions involving Philex shares. A related Petition for Review on Certiorari is also pending before the Supreme Court in G.R. No. 204166, entitled *Roberto V. Ongpin, et al. vs. Acorda, et al.*

2. *People vs. Reynaldo G. David, et al.*, S.B.-13-CRM-0105 and S.B.-13-CRIM-0106, Sandiganbayan (Third Division). This case was filed against RVO and others in connection with two loans obtained by Deltaventure Resources, Inc. (DVRI) from DBP. The Informations in both cases for violations of Section 3 (e) of R.A. No. 3019 were filed on 10 January 2013. In a Resolution promulgated on 28 May 2014, the Third Division of the Sandiganbayan granted the Accused's Motions to Quash and DISMISSED Criminal Case Nos. S.B.-13-CRM-0105 and S.B.-13-CRIM-0106. A related Petition for Review on Certiorari is pending before the Supreme Court in G.R. Nos. 217417 and 217914, entitled "*People of the Philippines v. Reynaldo G. David, et al.*"

3. *In the matter of: Roberto V. Ongpin, Mario A. Oreta, Margarito B. Teves, et al.*, SEC-EIPD Case No. 14-3039. This concerns the findings of the Enforcement and Investor Protection Department on the liability of respondents for violation of Section 26(3) of the Securities Regulation Code (SRC) in connection with the issuance of shares of Alphaland Corporation in a capital call, stock rights offering and property for share swap which were approved and ratified by respondents as officers and members of the Board of Alphaland Corporation. On August 24, 2015, Respondents elevated the matter through notice of appeal to the SEC En Banc, where the matter is presently pending resolution. The appeal is docketed as SEC En Banc Case No. 08-15-384, entitled "*Roberto V. Ongpin, Mario A. Oreta, Margarito B. Teves, et al. vs. Enforcement and Investor Protection Department*".

4. *In the Matter of: Philex Mining Corporation* SEC-EIPD Case No. 14-3044. This concerns the findings of the Enforcement and Investor Protection Department against Mr. Roberto V. Ongpin for allegedly

committing Insider Trading when he purchased Philex shares at Php19.25 to Php 19.50 per share from the open market in the morning of 02 December 2009 without disclosing to the public that the group of Mr. Manuel V. Pangilinan had agreed to purchase the said shares from him at P21.00 per share. RVO appealed the case to the SEC En Banc but the latter affirmed the findings of the EIPD. Mr. Ongpin elevated the case to the Court of Appeals by way of a Petition for Review docketed as CA-G.R. SP. No. 146704, entitled "Roberto V. Ongpin v. Enforcement and Investor Protection Department". In a Resolution dated September 29, 2016, the Court of Appeals issued a writ of Preliminary Injunction enjoining the enforcement of the SEC En Banc's decision.

Other than the foregoing, the Corporation knows of no legal proceedings including without limitation any (a) bankruptcy petition, (b) conviction by final judgment, (c) order, judgment or decree, or (d) violation of a securities or commodities law, during the last five (5) years up to the date of the filing of this Statement, to which any of its Directors and Executive Officers is a party and which is material to an evaluation of their ability or integrity to act as such.

Neither have they been convicted by final judgment in any criminal proceeding or have been subject to any order, judgment or decree of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending, or otherwise limiting their involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities or banking activities, nor found in action by any court of administrative bodies to have violated a securities or commodities law.

#### **Certain Relationships and Related Transactions**

Significant transactions with related parties include the following:

- a. The Company has existing subleasing agreements with ABSTC and other related parties. Rent income earned from related parties amounted to zero for 2015 and 2014, and P1 million in 2013. No rent income was declared in 2015 and 2014 as this purely pertains to affiliates' share in the rental cost. The Parent Company is also being billed by ADI for the utility expenses it incurs and allocates the same to its sub-lessees.
- b. The Company entered into a Cost Sharing Agreement with Philweb Corporation (Philweb), a related party under common management with the Company, for its share in rental and salaries of its key management personnel.
- c. Noninterest-bearing advances to and from related parties which are due and demandable.

The following table summarizes the Group's transactions with related parties (entities with common directors) for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 and the related balances as at December 31, 2016 and 2015:



		Amount of Transactions		Outstanding Balance	
Nature of Transaction		2016	2015	2016	2015
<b>Receivable from related parties</b>					
<i>Entities under common management:</i>					
Alphaland Corporation (ALPHA)	Allocated costs	₱—	₱—	₱2,794,966	₱2,794,966
Choice Insurance Brokerage, Inc.	Allocated costs	—	—	629,581	629,581
Alphaland Heavy Equipment Corporation	Allocated costs	—	426,931	426,931	426,931
AHCI	Allocated costs	418,019	—	418,019	—
Philweb Cambodia Ltd.	Reimbursements	—	—	190,450	190,450
Acentic Philippines Inc.	Allocated costs	—	89,358	27,441	110,932
Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc.	Reimbursements	—	32,500	32,500	32,500
Alphaland Aviation Inc.	Reimbursements	—	796	796	796
				₱4,520,684	₱4,186,156
<b>Payable to related parties</b>					
<i>Entities under common management:</i>					
Philweb Corporation (Philweb)	Allocated rent and salaries	₱—	₱4,407,450	₱350,621	₱11,349,384
Alphaland Southgate Tower, Inc. (ASTI, formerly Alphaland Development, Inc.)	Lease of office space and utilities	9,507	355,406	582,369	572,862
ALPHA	Reimbursements	—	—	187,182	187,182
Philweb, Alphaland, Atok Credit Cooperative		—	3,000	—	3,000
				₱1,120,172	₱12,112,428

- d. In 2012, Boerstar Corporation sold a portion of its shareholdings in the Company to the other entities to enable the Company to comply with the minimum public float requirement of the PSE. Upon approval of its Executive Committee of the Board of Directors, the Company agreed to shoulder the transaction costs amounting to P27.3 million for the transfer of ownership of the shares of Boerstar Corporation to other parties.

Aside from the foregoing, there are no transactions (or series of similar transactions) during the last two (2) years, with or involving the Company or its subsidiaries, in which a director, executive officer, or stockholder owning ten percent (10%) or more of the total outstanding shares, or any member of his/her immediate family, had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

#### Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

In the years 2015 and 2016, the Company gave directors per diem in the total amount of Php40,000.00 each, net of withholding taxes. The directors and officers did not receive any other compensation from the Corporation in the form of bonus, warrants, options, or participation in any profit-sharing plan in the years 2015 and 2016.

Annual Compensation of the Five Most Highly-Paid Executives including the CEO:

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	Other Annual Comp
1. Roberto V. Ongpin Chairman/CEO				
2. Jose Raymund L. Apostol President				
3. Troadio M. Jimenez Jr. Exploration Manager				
4. Manuel Alejandro P. Chavez Jr. Exploration Geologist				
5. Benedicto D.V. Tan				

## General Manager for ABSTC

Aggregate Compensation of the Five  
Most Highly-Paid Executives  
including the CEO:

2014	5,859,750
2015	3,952,000
2016	3,945,552

There are no material terms of, nor any other arrangements with regard to compensation as to which directors are compensated, directly or indirectly, for any services rendered as director.

There is no employment contract between the Corporation and a named executive officer.

There is no compensatory plan or arrangement between the Corporation and any executive officer in case of resignation, retirement or any other termination of the executive officer's employment with the Corporation, or from a change in the management control of the Corporation, or a change in the named executive officer's responsibilities following a change in the management control.

### Item 7. Independent Public Accountants

The Company's independent certified public accountant ("ICPA") for 2016 is Reyes Tacandong & Co.

The 2016 audit of the Company is in compliance with SRC Rule 68(3)(b)(IV) that provides that the external auditor should be rotated every five (5) years or earlier or the engagement partner shall be changed. The engagement partner is Mr. Emmanuel V. Clarino.

During Audit Committee and/or Company meetings that would have an agenda that would affect the financial statements of the Company, a representative of the External Auditor is expected to be present to discuss issues and be available to respond to appropriate questions. The External Auditor is given the opportunity to make a statement if necessary pertaining to matters that may affect the examination of the books of the Company. The Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Corporation was Mr. Victor C. Macalincag.

There are no changes in or disagreement with the accountants on accounting and financial disclosures.

### Item 8. Financial and Other Information

#### 2016 Operational Results

2016 results of operations showed a total comprehensive income of P13.6 million – a 2512% increase from the total comprehensive income of P0.5 million in 2015.

2016 resulted to gain primarily due to the P6.4 million increase in Foreign exchange translation gain from Tidemark Holdings Ltd., an associate company, P3.2 million reduction in the

general and administrative expenses and P3.5 million reduction in the share in net results of operations of an associate.

The Company's Audited Financial Statements as of December 31, 2016 and its supplementary schedules, together with the Company's Audited Statement of Income and Cash Flows for each of the three (3) preceding years are collectively attached herein as "Exhibit 1".

## **Item 9. Merger, Consolidations, Acquisition & Similar Matters**

### **(A) Description of Business**

The Company was incorporated and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on 4 September 1931. Its corporate life was extended on 25 September 1981 for another fifty (50) years to expire on 25 September 2031. The common shares of the Company are listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (the "PSE"; ticker symbol: AB).

Since its incorporation, the Company engaged in mining as its primary purpose, producing gold as its major product and silver as a by-product. Its production was all sold to the Central Bank of the Philippines at a price subsidized by the Philippine Government, and later on at the prevailing world market price. Gold bullions are used by the Philippine Government as one of the components in the monetary reserve.

Although the Company changed its primary purpose in 1996 from mining to general investment, it reverted to its original purpose of engaging in exploration and development of mining, oil, gas, and other natural resources when it amended its Articles of Incorporation, which was approved by the SEC on 24 May 2010.

The Company has two (2) wholly-owned subsidiaries, AB Stock and Transfers Corporation (ABSTC) and Tidemark Holdings Ltd.

ABSTC was incorporated on 24 June 2010, with the purpose of establishing, operating and acting as a transfer agent and/or registrar of corporations.

On the other hand, Tidemark is a holding company registered and domiciled in Hongkong SAR, which the Company bought on 3 October 2011. Tidemark used to own 9,646,757 ordinary shares of Forum Energy plc, now Forum Energy Limited ("Forum"), a company registered and domiciled in the United Kingdom representing, approximately 27.14% of Forum's outstanding capital. In March 2017, Tidemark subscribed to 6,666,667 new shares of Forum, together with the subscription simultaneously made by the other shareholder of Forum. This new subscription resulted in Tidemark owning 20% of Forum. Tidemark expects the absolute value of its 20% stake in Forum to exceed the value of its then 27.14% stake. Forum is a gas & oil exploration and production company with a portfolio of projects in the Philippines. Among these projects is the Service Contract (SC) 72 where Forum holds 70% equity. SC72 is situated offshore West of Palawan Island and is host to the Sampaguita offshore gas/condensate discovery. Drilling plans for SC72 have been placed on hold by the Philippine government pending the resolution of territorial sovereignty disputes involving claimant countries surrounding West Philippine Sea.

The Company is a regular member and signatory of the Chamber of Mines. It has adopted the spirit and substance of the Chamber of Mines' Code of Conduct, which calls for sustainable mineral

resources development, environmental responsibility and a social commitment to the general welfare and economic development of the people in the localities in which it operates

Over the past seven decades, the Company has established a strong foundation in the Philippine mining industry.

Pursuant to its goal of seeking out projects to put into operation, the Company made a continued careful and diligent evaluation of multiple metallic and non-metallic prospects for possible investment. While it looked into investment possibilities in Laos, it recently decided to re-focus its efforts in the Philippines with priority on projects in the advanced stage, but not disregarding greenfield exploration prospects with potential. Discussions also continued for mines with confirmed potential and previously operated but closed down during the period with low metal prices. However, the Company has not made any publicly-announced new products or services nor it or any of its security holders acquired securities of another person, aside from the previously stated acquisition by Tidemark of additional shares of Forum. The Company has no plans of purchasing or selling any significant equipment.

### **Government Approvals**

The Company has complied with government rules and regulations and has paid all the necessary taxes and fees. It regularly coordinates with the Department of Energy (DOE) and DENR with regard to new rules and regulations that may be promulgated.

### **Employees**

As of end of 2016, the Company has four (4) regular employees while ABSTC, the Company's subsidiary, has only one (1) regular employee, which employees are not subject to Collective Bargaining Agreement. The Company has no plans of adding additional employees for the ensuing twelve (12) months. However, if the level of activities increase parallel to a more supportive regulatory position on exploration and mining, the Company, is expected to increase the number of its employees. The principal duties and responsibilities of the employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are to conduct technical evaluation of potential mining projects, maintain the validity and existence of the subsidiary's mining rights, conduct exploration and development works, set and run a pilot gold processing plant, and secure all other properties of the subsidiary, including the plant, equipment, records, maps and other valuable information at the mine site.

### **Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Licenses, Concessions and Royalty Agreements**

The company does not own any registered patent, trademark or copyright. Neither is it a recipient of any license or concession nor a party to any royalty agreement.

### **Effect of Existing or Probable Governmental Regulations**

The Philippine government is currently reviewing its policy on mining. Any such policy, when adopted, may have a significant on the Company's future endeavors into mining activities.

Nonetheless, a combination of political, administrative and social issues slowed the pace of mining permit processing in the Philippines. For this reason, none of the pending projects for the Company progressed. A team sent by the Company evaluated a potentially mineralized area in the Bicol region last September 2011. Surface indications combined with the presence of existing producing mines in the vicinity gave interest to this prospect. However, the existing tenement application by the claim owner was rejected by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR). Without a valid permit, a more thorough exploration program cannot be implemented.

In 2012, Forum encountered a delay in one of its drilling programs. It has submitted all the requirements for the issuance of required permits for the drilling program. However, the permit has not yet been issued by the relevant Government body. The latest resource assessment supported the case to proceed with the drilling and Forum has been granted an extension up to August 2015 to complete its obligations under the service contract. Forum expects to proceed with its commitment as soon as it is able to obtain the necessary authorization from the Government. The Philippine Department of Energy has granted a force majeure on Service Contract 72 [SC 72] because this contract area falls within the territorial disputed area of the West Philippine Sea, which is the subject of a United Nations arbitration process between the Republic of the Philippines and the People's Republic of China.

### Research and Development Activities

The Company does not allocate specific amounts or fixed percentages for research and development. The allocation for such activities may vary depending on the nature of the project.

Total cost incurred, including exploration and development works, during calendar years 2012 to 2016 amounted to P5.7 million broken down as follows:

Period	Revenue	Exploration Development and Environmental Cost	Percentage on Revenue
CY 2012	-	515,975	0%
CY 2013	-	165,450	0%
CY 2014	-	2,456,558	0%
CY 2015	-	1,593,983	0%
CY 2016	-	976,428	0%
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>5,708,394</b>	-

The above-mentioned expenses were incurred pursuant to the mandatory requirement to conduct annual assessment works, i.e. reconnaissance and semi-detailed exploration works such as geological mapping, sampling, opening up of assessment tunnels, ore reserve development and assaying of samples, etc., to prove mineable ore reserve, as provided under the Philippine Bill of 1902, Presidential Decree No. 463, the New Mining Code, and applicable laws, rules and regulations.

### Compliance with Environmental Laws

The Company is currently not operating a mine or oil project. In the event that it does, all necessary pollution control and environmental protection measures will be set in place.

### Risk Factors

The Company's profitability is dependent on the performance of its subsidiary ABSTC and affiliate Forum.

## Financial Risk Management

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Market Risk

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and Company's activities. All risks faced by the Company are incorporated in the annual operating budget. Mitigating strategies and procedures are also devised to address the results. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Company's Board of Directors reviews and institutes policies for managing each of the risks.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss the Company would incur if credit customers and counterparties fail to perform their contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk arises principally from the Company's cash in banks and cash equivalents, trade receivables and refundable deposits.

Receivables which are neither past due nor impaired are of good quality. These are from clients that pay on time or even before maturity date.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk by forecasting projected cash flows and maintaining a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility in operations. Treasury controls and procedures are in place to ensure that sufficient cash is maintained to cover daily operational and working capital requirements. Management closely monitors the Company's future and contingent obligations and sets up required cash reserves as necessary in accordance with internal requirements.

### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other market prices will adversely affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

The Company is subject to transaction and translation exposures resulting from currency exchange fluctuations. The Company regularly monitors outstanding financial assets and liabilities in foreign currencies and maintains them at a level responsive to the changes in current exchange rates.

Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company’s capital management is to ensure its ability to continue as a going concern and that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of debt-to-equity ratio which is calculated as total debt divided by total equity. Total debt comprises of accounts payable and accrued expenses, other current liabilities and due to related parties. Total equity comprises all components of equity.

**(B) Description of Property**

Other than its shareholdings in ABSTC and in Forum (through Tidemark), the Company does not own any other significant property.

**Information required by Part II (A) of Annex “C”, as amended**

**A. Market Information**

1. Principal Market – Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.

The Company’s common shares are traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange. As of March 31, 2017, the closing price of the shares of the Company is P11.38. The high and low sale prices of the shares for each quarter within the last three (3) years and subsequent interim period are:

Quarter Ended	High	Low
03.31.17– 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	11.38	10.00
12.31.16 - 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	10.38	9.70
09.30.16 – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	10.98	9.65
06.30.16 – 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	11.80	11.78
03.31.16 – 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	12.78	12.58
12.31.15 - 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	11.78	11.78
09.30.15 – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	10.90	9.00
06.30.15 – 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	11.40	11.04
03.31.15 – 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	10.80	10.80
12.31.14 - 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	11.78	11.78
09.30.14 – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	12.00	12.00
06.30.14 – 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	18.00	15.98
03.31.14 – 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	17.70	17.70

(Data taken from the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.)

## B. Holders

### Approximate Number of Shareholders of Each Class of Common Security as of March 31, 2017

The Company has 4,206 stockholders as of March 31, 2017.

### The Top 20 Registered Stockholders of the Company as of March 31, 2017 are:

The list of the top twenty (20) registered shareholders is as follows:

**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC.  
TOP TWENTY (20) STOCKHOLDERS  
AS OF MARCH 31, 2017**

	No. of Shares	%
1. Boerstar Corporation	1,775,218,804	69.75%
2. North Kitanglad Agricultural Co., Inc.	309,000,000	12.14%
3. PCD Nominee Corporation:	212,257,771	8.34%
Filipino - 212,123,996		
Non-Filipino - 133,775		
4. Strong Gain Enterprises Limited	120,000,000	4.72%
5. Progressive Development Corporation	93,963,474	3.69%
6. Power Merchant International Limited	30,000,000	1.18%
Carroll, Charles F., TEE Carroll Family Trust FBO		
7. Charles F. Carroll	593,200	0.02%
8. Braasch, Herbert	84,884	0.00%
9. Baron, Rose A. & William J.	81,197	0.00%
10. Araneta, Jorge L.	73,535	0.00%
11. McLarney, Jane Mary & Timothy P. McLarney	70,875	0.00%
12. Silbert, Solomon S. & Claire B. Silbert	56,567	0.00%
13. Cohen, Sy R. & Barbara	43,195	0.00%
14. Steiner, Norma	38,656	0.00%
15. Coherco Sec., Inc. FAO 1815131512C0	38,000	0.00%
16. Loo Ngo Kue	36,020	0.00%
17. Pua, Luis	35,542	0.00%
18. Cunningham, Edmund F. & Pauline F.	33,275	0.00%
19. Olasiman, Edilberto O.	33,100	0.00%
20. Fores, Maria Lourdes A.	29,840	0.00%
Roxas, Judy A.	29,840	0.00%

Total issued and outstanding shares -  
2,545,000,000

NOTE: NKACI has 200,000,000 shares lodged with PCD Nominee Corporation. In all, NKACI owns 509,000,000 shares representing 20% of the total outstanding shares of the Company.



### **C. Dividends**

The Company has not declared any dividends during the last three (3) years.

The Company's Amended By-Laws provides that its Board of Directors may declare dividends only from surplus profits arising from the business of the Company, in accordance with the preferences constituted in favor of preferred stock when and if such preferred stock be issued and outstanding. Restrictions under the Corporation Code of the Philippines also limit the Company's power to declare dividends.

### **Information Required by Part III, paragraph (A) and (B) of "Annex C", as amended**

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

##### **December 31, 2016 vs December 31, 2015**

As of December 31, 2016, the Company's consolidated assets amounted to P654 million as compared to P653 million as of December 31, 2015. On the other hand, the Company's liabilities as of December 31, 2016 decreased to P2 million from P14 million as of December 31, 2015.

Cash and cash equivalents totalling P146 million as of December 31, 2016, showed a decrease of P27 million from P173 million as of December 31, 2015.

Stockholders' Equity increased from P639 million at the end of 2015 to P652 million as of December 31, 2016 primarily due to cumulative translation adjustment.

## Financial Condition – Consolidated

### ATOK BIG WEDGE CO., INC. And Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Years Ended December 31		Increase (Decrease)	
	2016	2015	Amount	%
<b>ASSETS</b>				
<b>Current Assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	145,837,631	172,753,406	(26,915,775)	(15.58%)
Receivables	5,668,640	5,016,943	651,697	12.99%
Prepaid expenses & Other Current Assets	7,530,172	7,075,485	454,687	6.43%
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>159,036,443</b>	<b>184,845,834</b>	<b>(25,809,391)</b>	<b>(13.96%)</b>
<b>Noncurrent Assets</b>				
Investment in an associate	490,326,051	462,150,899	28,175,152	6.10%
Available-for-sale financial asset	1,999,950	1,999,950	-	0.00%
Property and equipment	125,610	1,146,655	(1,021,045)	(89.05%)
Other noncurrent assets	2,966,579	2,889,065	77,514	2.68%
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>495,418,190</b>	<b>468,186,569</b>	<b>27,231,621</b>	<b>5.82%</b>
	<b>654,454,633</b>	<b>653,032,403</b>	<b>1,422,230</b>	<b>0.22%</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>				
<b>Current Liabilities</b>				
Payables and other current liabilities	2,091,632	14,163,217	(12,071,585)	(85.23%)
Income tax payable	18,111	93,139	(75,028)	(80.55%)
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>2,109,743</b>	<b>14,256,356</b>	<b>(12,146,613)</b>	<b>(85.20%)</b>
<b>Equity</b>				
Capital stock	1,060,000,000	1,060,000,000	-	0.00%
Deficit	(510,588,802)	(477,224,220)	(33,364,582)	6.99%
Cumulative translation adjustment	102,933,692	56,000,267	46,933,425	83.81%
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>652,344,890</b>	<b>638,776,047</b>	<b>13,568,843</b>	<b>2.12%</b>
	<b>654,454,633</b>	<b>653,032,403</b>	<b>1,422,230</b>	<b>0.22%</b>

## Results of Operation

### 2016 Operational Results

2016 operations resulted to a P13.6 million total comprehensive income compared to P0.5 million in 2015. The total difference of P13.0 million were brought about by the following:

- 1) + P3.2 million; decrease in the general and administrative expenses
- 2) +P3.4 million; decrease in share on the income of operations of an associate (Tidemark),
- 3) + P6.4 million; increase on the foreign exchange differences of an associate (Tidemark)

ATOK BIG WEDGE CO., INC. And Subsidiaries  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	For the year		increase (Decrease)	
	2016	2015	Amount	%
<b>GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>	(18,691,964)	(21,927,639)	3,235,675	(14.76%)
<b>OTHER INCOME ( EXPENSES )</b>				
Interest income	2,784,483	2,843,539	(59,056)	(2.08%)
Service fees	1,479,480	1,463,297	16,183	1.11%
Share in the net results of operations of an associate	(18,758,273)	(22,208,252)	3,449,979	(15.53%)
Others	31,647	27,643	4,004	14.48%
	<b>(14,462,663)</b>	<b>(17,873,773)</b>	<b>3,411,110</b>	<b>(19.08%)</b>
<b>LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX</b>	(33,154,627)	(39,801,412)	6,646,785	(16.70%)
<b>PROVISIONS FOR INCOME TAX</b>	(209,955)	(219,688)	9,733	(4.43%)
<b>NET LOSS</b>	(33,364,582)	(40,021,100)	6,656,518	(16.63%)
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>				
<i>Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss -</i>				
Foreign exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of Tidemark Holdings Limited	46,933,425	40,540,500	6,392,925	15.77%
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)</b>	13,568,843	519,400	13,049,443	2512.41%
<b>BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE</b>	(0.0131)	(0.0157)	0.0026	(16.63%)

Top Six Key Performance Indicators

The top 6 key performance indicators of the Company are as follows:

	Manner of Calculation	As of	
		Dec 31, 2016	Dec 31, 2015
CURRENT / LIQUIDITY RATIO		75.38:1.00	12.97:1.00
Current assets	Current assets divided by current liabilities	159,036,443	184,845,834
Current liabilities		2,109,743	14,256,356
SOLVENCY RATIO		-15.60:1.00	-2.75:1.00
Net income (loss) after tax less depreciation and impairment losses	The sum of net income (loss) after tax less depreciation and impairment losses divided by total liabilities	(33,364,582) 442,826	(40,021,100) 856,500
Total liabilities		2,109,743	14,256,356
DEBT TO EQUITY RATIO		0.00:1.00	0.02:1.00
Total liabilities	Total liabilities divided by total equity	2,109,743	14,256,356
Total equity		652,344,890	638,776,047
ASSET TO EQUITY RATIO		1.00:1.00	1.02:1.00
Total assets	Total assets divided by total equity	654,454,633	653,032,403
Total equity		652,344,890	638,776,047
INTEREST RATE COVERAGE RATIO		-	-
Income before interest and taxes	Income before taxes and interest divided by Interest expense	(33,154,627)	(39,801,412)
Interest expense		-	-
PROFITABILITY RATIO		-0.05:1.00	-0.06:1.00
Net income (loss) after tax	Net income (loss) after tax divided by total equity	(33,364,582)	(40,021,100)
Total equity		652,344,890	638,776,047

2015 Operational Results

2015 operations resulted to a P0.5 million total comprehensive income compared to the total comprehensive loss of P16.6 million in 2014. The total difference of P17.2 million were brought about by the following:

- 1) + P3.7 million; decrease in the general and administrative expenses as compared to 2014,

- 2) – P24.9 million; decrease in share on the income of operations of an associate (Tidemark), P22.2 million share on loss in 2015 as compared to the P2.6 million share on the income for 2014
- 3) – P0.2 million; decrease on interest income in 2015
- 4) + P38.6 million; increase on the foreign exchange differences of an associate (Tidemark)

ATOK BIG WEDGE CO., INC. And Subsidiaries  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	For the year		increase (Decrease)	
	2015	2014	Amount	%
<b>GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>	(21,927,639)	(25,607,883)	3,680,244	(14.37%)
<b>OTHER INCOME ( EXPENSES )</b>				
Interest income	2,843,539	3,055,442	(211,903)	(6.94%)
Service fees	1,463,297	1,438,880	24,417	1.70%
Share in the net results of operations of an associate	(22,208,252)	2,647,051	(24,855,303)	(938.98%)
Others	27,643	88,012	(60,369)	(68.59%)
	<b>(17,873,773)</b>	<b>7,229,385</b>	<b>(25,103,158)</b>	<b>(347.24%)</b>
<b>LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX</b>	(39,801,412)	(18,378,498)	(21,422,914)	116.57%
<b>PROVISIONS FOR INCOME TAX</b>	(219,688)	(158,529)	(61,159)	38.58%
<b>NET LOSS</b>	(40,021,100)	(18,537,027)	(21,484,073)	115.90%
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>				
<i>Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss -</i>				
Foreign exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of Tidemark Holdings Limited	40,540,500	1,905,745	38,634,755	2027.28%
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)</b>	519,400	(16,631,282)	17,150,682	(103.12%)
<b>BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE</b>	(0.0157)	(0.0073)	(0.0084)	115.90%

### 2014 Operational Results

2014 results of operation showed a loss in the amount of P16.6 million compared to the P31.8 million income in 2013. The difference of P48.4 million were brought about by the following:

- 1) - P5.4 million; increase in the general and administrative expenses as compared to 2014,
- 2) + P45.9 million; increase in share on the income of operations of an associate (Tidemark), P3 million share on income in 2015 as compared to the P43 million share on the loss for 2014
- 3) -P28 million; proceeds from lawsuit settlement was received in 2014
- 4) -P1 million; rent income in 2014 but zero in 2015
- 5) – P59.8 million; decrease on the foreign exchange differences of an associate (Tidemark)

	Years Ended December 31		Increase (Decrease)	
	2014	2013	Amount	%
<b>GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>	<b>25,607,883</b>	<b>20,174,182</b>	<b>5,433,701</b>	<b>26.93%</b>
<b>OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)</b>				
Share in the net result of operations of an associate	2,647,051	(43,213,445)	45,860,496	-106.13%
Interest income	3,055,442	3,698,335	(642,893)	-17.38%
Service fees	1,438,880	1,236,880	202,000	16.33%
Proceeds from lawsuit settlement	-	27,982,500	(27,982,500)	-100.00%
Rent income	-	1,004,278	(1,004,278)	-100.00%
Others	88,012	255,800	(167,788)	-65.59%
	<b>7,229,385</b>	<b>(9,035,652)</b>	<b>16,265,037</b>	<b>-180.01%</b>
<b>LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX</b>	<b>(18,378,498)</b>	<b>(29,209,834)</b>	<b>10,831,336</b>	<b>-37.08%</b>
<b>PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX</b>	<b>158,529</b>	<b>649,389</b>	<b>(490,860)</b>	<b>-75.59%</b>
<b>NET LOSS</b>	<b>(18,537,027)</b>	<b>(29,859,223)</b>	<b>11,322,196</b>	<b>-37.92%</b>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>				
Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Foreign exchange differences on translation of financial statements of Tidemark Holdings Limited (Tidemark)	1,905,745	61,677,000	(59,771,255)	-96.91%
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>	<b>(16,631,282)</b>	<b>31,817,777</b>	<b>(48,449,059)</b>	<b>-152.27%</b>
<b>BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE</b>	<b>(0.0073)</b>	<b>(0.0117)</b>	<b>0.0044</b>	<b>-37.92%</b>

## Key Performance Indicators

The Company's key performance indicators and their manner of computation are as follows:

		Manner of Calculation	As of		
			Dec 31, 2016	Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2014
<b>CURRENT / LIQUIDITY RATIO</b>			75.38:1.00	12.97:1.00	21.77:1.00
Current assets	Current assets divided by current liabilities	159,036,443	184,845,834	197,028,882	
Current liabilities		2,109,743	14,256,356	9,049,768	
<b>SOLVENCY RATIO</b>			-15.60:1.00	-2.75:1.00	-1.86:1.00
Net income (loss) after tax less depreciation and impairment losses	The sum of net income (loss) after tax less depreciation and impairment losses divided by total liabilities	(33,364,582) 442,826	(40,021,100) 856,500	(18,537,027) 1,666,771	
Total liabilities		2,109,743	14,256,356	9,049,768	
<b>DEBT TO EQUITY RATIO</b>			0.00:1.00	0.02:1.00	0.01:1.00
Total liabilities	Total liabilities divided by total equity	2,109,743	14,256,356	9,049,768	
Total equity		652,344,890	638,776,047	638,256,647	
<b>ASSET TO EQUITY RATIO</b>			1.00:1.00	1.02:1.00	1.01:1.00
Total assets	Total assets divided by total equity	654,454,633	653,032,403	647,306,415	
Total equity		652,344,890	638,776,047	638,256,647	
<b>INTEREST RATE COVERAGE RATIO</b>			-	-	-
Income before interest and taxes	Income before taxes and interest divided by Interest expense	(33,154,627)	(39,801,412)	(18,378,498)	
Interest expense		-	-	-	
<b>PROFITABILITY RATIO</b>			-0.05:1.00	-0.06:1.00	-0.03:1.00
Net income (loss) after tax	Net income (loss) after tax divided by total equity	(33,364,582)	(40,021,100)	(18,537,027)	
Total equity		652,344,890	638,776,047	638,256,647	

**Current/liquidity ratio** – The ratio increased from 12.97 to 75.38 due to decreased activities. In view of the prevailing regulatory environment, the Company is evaluating the continued feasibility of the potential acquisition of Certain Mining Rights.

**Solvency ratio** –The ratio moved from (2.75) to (15.60) due to lower net loss incurred as compared with 2015, from (P39 million) down to (P30 million). This is caused primarily by the decrease in share in the net results of operations of its associate, Tidemark.

**Debt-to-equity ratio** – The ratio decreased from .02 in 2015 to .00 in 2016 due to the decreased activities on exploration works.

**Asset-to-equity ratio** – The ratio went down from 1.02 in 2015 to 1.00 in 2016 due to the increased value of investment in an associate.

**Profitability ratio** – The ratio moved from (0.06) to (0.05) due to lower net loss incurred from P40 million down to P33million. In 2016, the share in the net results of operations of Tidemark amounted to (P18.8) million compared to (P22.2) million in 2015.

### **Plan of Operations**

The Company is hoping to get the government approval for its application for Exploration Permit over an area of 3,375 Hectares in CADT134, Agusan Del Norte. While in the process, it will continue to conduct series of field inspection to understand the mineralization occurrence in preparation for more detailed exploration activities. Concurrent to the field activities in CADT134, exploration works continues in Mt. Daraga (587 Hectares), Mendez (486 Hectares) and Aboloc (567 Hectares) areas also in Agusan Del Norte, all under Memoranda of Agreement. "Sweet" areas (HIGH GRADE areas for Gold mineralization) within Mt. Daraga and Mendez have been identified for more detailed subsurface. Plans involving oil and gas exploration have been shelved in relation to low oil prices and the uncertainty in supply and demand situation. SC-72 (Recto Bank) is still kept on hold depending on the outcome of Philippine Government initiatives involving West Philippine Sea. The Philippine Department of Energy has granted a force majeure on Service Contract 72 [SC 72] because this contract area falls within the territorial disputed area of the West Philippine Sea, which is the subject of a United Nations arbitration process between the Republic of the Philippines and the People's Republic of China. From November 2013 to 31 December 2016, the mining exploration cost of the Company is Php 5,192,419.00.

The Company will continue to fund its operations in the next year or two depending on the activities that will materialize **using its cash and its money market investments.**

The vision of the Company remains and that is to have a substantial involvement in the exploration and judicious development of various natural resources that will contribute to the economic development of the Philippines. The Company's mission to be the leader in chosen fields by creating value through change, utilizing the group's knowledge capital and adopting leading technologies, to enhance shareholders' value and profit through growth in earnings and in intrinsic worth, to be committed to a culture of excellence, loyalty and pride, and to be a socially responsible and environmentally conscious corporate citizen, adhering to the highest ethical standards and respecting the communities to which it belongs remains.

Currently, the Company has no plans of increasing its number of employees during the next twelve (12) months, however, if the level of activities increase parallel to a more supportive regulatory position on exploration and mining, the Company, is expected to increase the number of its employees.

### **C. OTHER MATTERS**

#### **Item 10. Action with Respect to Reports**

The approval of the following will be considered and acted upon at the meeting:

1. Review and Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Meeting held on 31 May 2016

The following took place during the meeting:

- a. The minutes of the previous annual meeting of stockholders dated 11 August 2015 were unanimously approved.



- b. The stockholders approved the Management Report and the Audited Financial Statements of the Corporation as of 31 December 2015.
  - c. The stockholders approved and ratified all the acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors, Executive Committee, and corporate officers from the previous annual meeting on 11 August 2015.
  - d. The stockholders elected the members of the Board of Directors for a term of one (1) year or until their successors have been elected and qualified.
  - e. The stockholders approved the re-appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co., as the external auditor of the Corporation for the year ending 31 December 2016.
2. Annual Report of Management and Approval of the Audited Financial Statements
  3. Ratification of Acts of the Board of Directors and Management since the Last Annual Stockholders' Meeting
  4. Election of Directors
  5. Appointment of External Auditor

There are no other items submitted for approval or consideration other than those required in the ordinary course of business that requires approval or presentation to the shareholders of the Company.

#### **Item 11. Voting Procedures**

The vote required for acts requiring stockholders approval is either a majority or two-thirds of the outstanding capital stock. Since Boerstar Corporation owns 69.75% of the outstanding shares of the Company, matters for decision, if any, will most probably be decided by the major stockholder.

In the election of directors, nominees with the greatest number of votes will be elected directors. For the other proposals or matters submitted to a vote, a vote of the majority of the shareholders present or represented by proxy at the meeting is necessary for approval of such proposal.

Every stockholder is entitled to one vote.

The method of counting the votes of the shareholders shall be in accordance with the general provisions of the Corporation Code of the Philippines. Method of voting shall be conducted by show of hands unless a shareholder requires a poll to be made on any action. In such case, the method of counting votes shall be done by secret. Counting of votes shall be supervised by the Corporate Secretary and/or Assistant Corporate Secretary.

A COPY OF THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AFS) WITH MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS (SEC FORM 20 IS) AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016 IS ATTACHED TO THIS INFORMATION STATEMENT.

UPON THE WRITTEN REQUEST OF A STOCKHOLDER, THE COMPANY WILL PROVIDE, WITHOUT CHARGE, A COPY OF THE COMPANY'S SEC FORM 17-A (ANNUAL REPORT) DULY FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. THE STOCKHOLDER MAY BE CHARGED A REASONABLE COST FOR PHOTOCOPYING THE EXHIBITS.

ALL REQUESTS MAY BE SENT TO:

ATTY. CLIBURN ANTHONY A. ORBE  
CORPORATE SECRETARY, ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC.  
5<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, THE CITY CLUB AT ALPHALAND MAKATI PLACE  
7232 AYALA AVENUE CORNER MALUGAY STREET  
1209 MAKATI CITY

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in the City of Makati on APR 12 2017 2017.

ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC.  
Issuer

  
By: CLIBURN ANTHONY A. ORBE  
Corporate Secretary

# **ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC.**

## **MANAGEMENT REPORT**

for the  
2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders  
Pursuant to SRC Rule 20 (4) (A)

### **A. AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016**

Please see the attached Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2016.

### **B. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

There are no changes in and disagreements with the accountants on accounting and financial disclosures.

### **C. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATIONS**

Atok-Big Wedge Co. Inc. (the "Company"), formerly Atok-Big Wedge Mining Co., Inc., was incorporated and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 4, 1931. Its corporate life was extended on September 25, 1981 for another fifty (50) years to expire on September 25, 2031. It is listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (the "PSE").

#### **1. Plan of Operation for the Next Twelve (12) Months**

The Company is hoping to get the government approval for its application for Exploration Permit over an area of 3,375 Hectares in CADT134, Agusan Del Norte. While in the process, it will continue to conduct series of field inspection to understand the mineralization occurrence in preparation for more detailed exploration activities. Concurrent to the field activities in CADT134, exploration works continues in Mt. Daraga (587 Hectares), Mendez (486 Hectares) and Aboloc (567 Hectares) areas also in Agusan Del Norte, all under Memoranda of Agreement. "Sweet" areas within Mt. Daraga and Mendez have been identified for more detailed subsurface. Plans involving oil and gas exploration have been shelved in relation to low oil prices and the uncertainty in supply and demand situation. SC-72 (ReedBank) is still kept on hold depending on the outcome of Philippine Government initiatives involving West Philippine Sea. The Philippine Department of Energy has granted a force majeure on Service Contract 72 [SC 72] because this contract area falls within the territorial disputed area of the West Philippine Sea, which is the subject of a United Nations arbitration process between the Republic of the Philippines and the People's Republic of China.

The Company will continue to fund its operations in the next year or two depending on the activities that will materialize **using its cash and its money market investments**.

The vision of the Company remains and that is to have a substantial involvement in the exploration and judicious development of various natural resources that will contribute to the economic development of the Philippines. The Company's mission to be the leader in chosen fields by creating value through change, utilizing the group's knowledge capital and adopting leading technologies, to

enhance shareholders' value and profit through growth in earnings and in intrinsic worth, to be committed to a culture of excellence, loyalty and pride, and to be a socially responsible and environmentally conscious corporate citizen, adhering to the highest ethical standards and respecting the communities to which it belongs remains.

Currently, the Company has no plans of increasing its number of employees during the next twelve (12) months, however, if the level of activities increase parallel to a more supportive regulatory position on exploration and mining, the Company, is expected to increase the number of its employees.

## **2. Financial Condition-Consolidated**

### **a. Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the Last Three (3) Years**

#### **2016 operational results compared with 2015**

2016 operations resulted to a P13.6 million total comprehensive income compared to P0.5 million in 2015 – The total difference of P13.0 million were brought about by the following:

- 4) + P3.2 million; decrease in the general and administrative expenses
- 5) + P3.4 million; decrease in share on the income of operations of an associate (Tidemark),
- 6) + P6.4 million; increase on the foreign exchange differences of an associate (Tidemark)

The Company continues to evaluate investment opportunities and plans to acquire other mining assets in Northern Mindanao. It will likewise continue to scout for oil and assets within the country and overseas to be included in its business folio. While doing so, the company is planning to magnify its exploration activities in the areas relative to the signed Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) covering three (3) areas in Agusan Del Norte. It also plans to conduct semi-detailed to detailed exploration work over the area within the CADT134, Agusan Del Norte where it applied for an Exploration Permit (EP).

#### **2015 operational results compared with 2014**

2015 operations resulted to a P0.5 million total comprehensive income compared to the total comprehensive loss of P16.6 million in 2014 – The total difference of P17.2 million were brought about by the following:

- 1) + P3.7 million; decrease in the general and administrative expenses as compared to 2014,
- 2) – P24.9 million; decrease in share on the income of operations of an associate (Tidemark), P22.2 million share on loss in 2015 as compared to the P2.6 million share on the income for 2014
- 3) – P0.2 million; decrease on interest income in 2015
- 4) + P38.6 million; increase on the foreign exchange differences of an associate (Tidemark)

## 2014 Operational Results

2014 results of operation showed a loss in the amount of P16.6 million compared to the P31.8 million income in 2013. The difference of P48.4 million were brought about by the following:

- 6) - P5.4 million; increase in the general and administrative expenses as compared to 2014,
- 7) + P45.9 million; increase in share on the income of operations of an associate (Tidemark), P3 million share on income in 2015 as compared to the P43 million share on the loss for 2014
- 8) -P28 million; proceeds from lawsuit settlement was received in 2014
- 9) -P1 million; rent income in 2014 but zero in 2015
- 10) - P59.8 million; decrease on the foreign exchange differences of an associate (Tidemark)

ATOK BIG WEDGE CO., INC. And Subsidiaries  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Years ended December 31		
	2016	2015	2014
<b>GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>	(18,691,964)	(21,927,639)	(25,607,883)
<b>OTHER INCOME ( EXPENSES )</b>			
Interest income	2,784,483	2,843,539	3,055,442
Service fees	1,479,480	1,463,297	1,438,880
Share in the net results of operations of an associate	(18,758,273)	(22,208,252)	2,647,051
Others	31,647	27,643	88,012
	<b>(14,462,663)</b>	<b>(17,873,773)</b>	<b>7,229,385</b>
<b>LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX</b>	(33,154,627)	(39,801,412)	(18,378,498)
<b>PROVISIONS FOR INCOME TAX</b>	(209,955)	(219,688)	(158,529)
<b>NET LOSS</b>	(33,364,582)	(40,021,100)	(18,537,027)
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>			
<i>Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss -</i>			
Foreign exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of Tidemark Holdings Limited	46,933,425	40,540,500	1,905,745
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)</b>	13,568,843	519,400	(16,631,282)
<b>BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE</b>	(0.0131)	(0.0157)	(0.0073)

**i. Key Performance Indicators**

The Company and its subsidiaries key performance indicators and their manner of computation are as follows:

		As of		
		Dec 31, 2016	Dec 31, 2015	Dec 31, 2014
<b>CURRENT / LIQUIDITY RATIO</b>		75.38:1.00	12.97:1.00	21.77:1.00
Current assets	Current assets divided by	159,036,443	184,845,834	197,028,882
Current liabilities	current liabilities	2,109,743	14,256,356	9,049,768
<b>SOLVENCY RATIO</b>		-15.60:1.00	-2.75:1.00	-1.86:1.00
Net income (loss) after tax less depreciation and impairment losses	The sum of net income (loss) after tax less depreciation and impairment losses divided by	(33,364,582) 442,826	(40,021,100) 856,500	(18,537,027) 1,666,771
Total liabilities	total liabilities	2,109,743	14,256,356	9,049,768
<b>DEBT TO EQUITY RATIO</b>		0.00:1.00	0.02:1.00	0.01:1.00
Total liabilities	Total liabilities divided by	2,109,743	14,256,356	9,049,768
Total equity	total equity	652,344,890	638,776,047	638,256,647
<b>ASSET TO EQUITY RATIO</b>		1.00:1.00	1.02:1.00	1.01:1.00
Total assets	Total assets divided by	654,454,633	653,032,403	647,306,415
Total equity	total equity	652,344,890	638,776,047	638,256,647
<b>INTEREST RATE COVERAGE RATIO</b>		-	-	-
Income before interest and taxes	Income before taxes and interest divided by	(33,154,627)	(39,801,412)	(18,378,498)
Interest expense	Interest expense	-	-	-
<b>PROFITABILITY RATIO</b>		-0.05:1.00	-0.06:1.00	-0.03:1.00
Net income (loss) after tax	Net income (loss) after tax divided by	(33,364,582)	(40,021,100)	(18,537,027)
Total equity	total equity	652,344,890	638,776,047	638,256,647

**Current/liquidity ratio** – The ratio increased from 12.97 to 75.38 due to decreased activities.

**Solvency ratio** –The ratio moved from (2.75) to (15.60) due to lower net loss incurred as compared with 2015, from (P39 million) down to (P30 million). This is caused primarily by the decrease in share in the net results of operations of its associate, Tidemark.

**Debt-to-equity ratio** – The ratio decreased from .02 in 2015 to .00 in 2016 due to the decreased activities on exploration works.

**Asset-to-equity ratio** – The ratio went down from 1.02 in 2015 to 1.00 in 2016 due to the increased value of investment in an associate.

**Profitability ratio** – The ratio moved from (0.06) to (0.05) due to lower net loss incurred from P40 million down to P33 million. In 2016, the share in the net results of operations of Tidemark amounted to (P18.8) million compared to (P22.2 million) in 2015.

**ii. Events that will Trigger Direct or Contingent Financial Obligation that is Material to the Company, including any Default or Acceleration of an Obligation**

There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company.

**iii. Material Off-Balance Sheet Transactions, Arrangements, Obligations (Including Contingent Obligations), and Other Relationships of the Company with Unconsolidated Entities or Other Persons Created During the Reporting Period**

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, or obligations and other relationships of the Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

The general purposes of the capital expenditures are to explore and locate additional gold ore reserve of a better grade, conduct pilot test, secure all the Company's assets, and keep the mineral rights in good standing.

The known trends, events or uncertainties that may have a material impact on sales are the price of gold in the world market, the peso-dollar exchange rate, NGOs' anti-mining position and changes in the Department of Environment and Natural Resources' rules and regulations at midstream.

The significant elements of income or loss from continuing operations are the ounces of gold produced and the cost to produce such gold.

Causes for material changes from period to period of the financial statements covering the past three (3) years, with horizontal and vertical analyses of such changes, are as follows:



ATOK BIG WEDGE CO., INC. And Subsidiaries  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	VERTICAL ANALYSIS			HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS		
	2016	2015	2014	2016	2015	2014
<b>ASSETS</b>						
<b>Current Assets</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	22.3%	26.5%	28.8%	(15.6%)	(7.4%)	(8.2%)
Receivables	0.9%	0.8%	0.6%	13.0%	19.6%	1.0%
Prepaid expenses & Other Current Assets	1.2%	1.1%	1.0%	6.4%	14.5%	16.0%
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>24.3%</b>	<b>28.3%</b>	<b>30.4%</b>	<b>(14.0%)</b>	<b>(6.2%)</b>	<b>(7.4%)</b>
<b>Noncurrent Assets</b>						
Investment in an associate	74.9%	70.8%	68.6%	6.1%	4.1%	1.0%
Available-for-sale financial asset	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Property and equipment	0.0%	0.2%	0.3%	(89.0%)	(42.4%)	(44.1%)
Other noncurrent assets	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	2.7%	17.1%	15.3%
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>75.7%</b>	<b>71.7%</b>	<b>69.6%</b>	<b>5.8%</b>	<b>4.0%</b>	<b>0.7%</b>
	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>0.2%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>(1.9%)</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>						
<b>Current Liabilities</b>						
Payables and other current liabilities	0.3%	2.2%	1.4%	(85.2%)	56.5%	82.5%
Income tax payable	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	(80.6%)	5802.3%	
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>0.3%</b>	<b>2.2%</b>	<b>1.4%</b>	<b>(85.2%)</b>	<b>57.5%</b>	<b>82.5%</b>
<b>Equity</b>						
Capital stock	162.0%	162.3%	163.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Deficit	(78.0%)	(73.1%)	(67.5%)	7.0%	9.2%	4.4%
Cumulative translation adjustment	15.7%	8.6%	2.4%	83.8%	262.2%	14.1%
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>99.7%</b>	<b>97.8%</b>	<b>98.6%</b>	<b>2.1%</b>	<b>0.1%</b>	<b>(2.5%)</b>
	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>0.2%</b>	<b>0.9%</b>	<b>(1.9%)</b>

**VERTICAL ANALYSIS** – The Company showed a variance of 5% in deficit due to the recovery from continuing losses as a result of a reduction in the share in net loss from operations on an associate from (P22.2) million in 2015 to (P18.8) million in 2016.

**HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS** –

**Cash and cash equivalents (-15.58%)** – due to settlement of operations-related payables and other liabilities

**Prepaid expenses and other current assets (6.43%)** – due to significant increase in the Input VAT on purchases for the year.

**Property and equipment, net (-89.05%)** – due to depreciation of fixed assets and sale of transportation equipment.

**Accounts payable and other current liabilities (-85.2%)** - due to decreased activities and settlement of accounts during the year.

ATOK BIG WEDGE CO., INC. And Subsidiaries  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Years Ended December 31		
	2016	2015	2014
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	145,837,631	172,753,406	186,653,450
Receivables	5,668,640	5,016,943	4,196,146
Prepaid expenses & Other Current Assets	7,530,172	7,075,485	6,179,286
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>159,036,443</b>	<b>184,845,834</b>	<b>197,028,882</b>
<b>Noncurrent Assets</b>			
Investment in an associate	490,326,051	462,150,899	443,818,651
Available-for-sale financial asset	1,999,950	1,999,950	1,999,950
Property and equipment	125,610	1,146,655	1,991,758
Other noncurrent assets	2,966,579	2,889,065	2,467,174
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>495,418,190</b>	<b>468,186,569</b>	<b>450,277,533</b>
	<b>654,454,633</b>	<b>653,032,403</b>	<b>647,306,415</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
Payables and other current liabilities	2,091,632	14,163,217	9,048,190
Income tax payable	18,111	93,139	1,578
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>2,109,743</b>	<b>14,256,356</b>	<b>9,049,768</b>
<b>Equity</b>			
Capital stock	1,060,000,000	1,060,000,000	1,060,000,000
Deficit	(510,588,802)	(477,224,220)	(437,203,120)
Cumulative translation adjustment	102,933,692	56,000,267	15,459,767
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>652,344,890</b>	<b>638,776,047</b>	<b>638,256,647</b>
	<b>654,454,633</b>	<b>653,032,403</b>	<b>647,306,415</b>

ATOK BIG WEDGE CO., INC. And Subsidiaries  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	VERTICAL ANALYSIS			HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS		
	2016	2015	2014	2016	2015	2014
<b>GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>	(137.8%)	(4221.7%)	154.0%	(14.8%)	(14.4%)	26.9%
<b>OTHER INCOME ( EXPENSES )</b>						
Interest income	20.5%	547.5%	(18.4%)	(2.1%)	(6.9%)	(17.4%)
Service fees	10.9%	281.7%	(8.7%)	1.1%	1.7%	16.3%
Share in the net results of operations of an associate	(138.2%)	(4275.8%)	(15.9%)	(15.5%)	(939.0%)	(106.1%)
Proceeds from lawsuit settlement	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			(100.0%)
Rent income	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%			(100.0%)
Others	0.2%	5.3%	(0.5%)	14.5%	(68.6%)	(65.6%)
	(106.6%)	(3441.2%)	(43.5%)	(19.1%)	(347.2%)	(180.0%)
<b>LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX</b>	(244.3%)	(7663.0%)	110.5%	(16.7%)	116.6%	(37.1%)
<b>PROVISIONS FOR INCOME TAX</b>	(1.5%)	(42.3%)	1.0%	(4.4%)	38.6%	(75.6%)
<b>NET LOSS</b>	(245.9%)	(7705.3%)	111.5%	(16.6%)	115.9%	(37.9%)
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>						
<i>Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss -</i>						
Foreign exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of Tidemark Holdings Limited	345.9%	7805.3%	(11.5%)	15.8%	2027.3%	(96.9%)
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)</b>	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	2512.4%	(103.1%)	(152.3%)

**VERTICAL ANALYSIS –**

**General and administrative expenses (-137.8%)** – decreased significantly from last year but the vertical ratio increased due to the recorded total comprehensive income of P13.6 million as compared to P0.5 million in 2015.

**Share in the net results of operations of an associate (-138.2%)** - due to favorable results in the operation of its associate, Tidemark, vs. -4275.8% of the previous year of 2015.

**Interest income (20.5%)** – the P2.78 million interest income in 2016 is slightly lower than the P2.84 million earned in 2015 due to lower interest earned from gradually diminishing money market placements

**Gain from translating the financial statements of Tidemark (345.9%)** – the increase was due to P46.9million foreign exchange differences of its subsidiary, Tidemark.

**HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS –**

**General and administrative expenses (-14.8%)** - due to the decrease in operating expenses.

**Share in the net results of operations of an associate (-15.5%)** - due to favorable results in the operation of its associate, Tidemark, (P18.76 )million share in 2016 vs. (P22.2 million) in 2015.

**Interest income (-2.1%)** – due to lower interest earned from money market placements.

**Service fees (1.1%)** – increase in revenues pertaining to fees paid by client companies for stock transfer.

**Others (14.5%)** – other income earned in 2016 very minimal at P31.6 thousand as compared with P27.6 thousand in 2015.

**Income tax expense - Current (4.4%)** – the decrease was due to lower taxable income in 2016 as compared with 2015.

**Gain from translating the financial statements of Tidemark (15.8%)** – the increase was due to foreign exchange differences of its subsidiary, Tidemark.

ATOK BIG WEDGE CO., INC. And Subsidiaries  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Years ended December 31		
	2016	2015	2014
<b>GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>	(18,691,964)	(21,927,639)	(25,607,883)
<b>OTHER INCOME ( EXPENSES )</b>			
Interest income	2,784,483	2,843,539	3,055,442
Service fees	1,479,480	1,463,297	1,438,880
Share in the net results of operations of an associate	(18,758,273)	(22,208,252)	2,647,051
Others	31,647	27,643	88,012
	<b>(14,462,663)</b>	<b>(17,873,773)</b>	<b>7,229,385</b>
<b>LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX</b>	(33,154,627)	(39,801,412)	(18,378,498)
<b>PROVISIONS FOR INCOME TAX</b>	(209,955)	(219,688)	(158,529)
<b>NET LOSS</b>	(33,364,582)	(40,021,100)	(18,537,027)
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>			
<i>Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss -</i>			
Foreign exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of Tidemark Holdings Limited	46,933,425	40,540,500	1,905,745
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)</b>	13,568,843	519,400	(16,631,282)
<b>BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE</b>	(0.0131)	(0.0157)	(0.0073)

**External Audit Fees**

**a. Audit and Audit Related Fees**

The Company's External Auditor for 2016 and 2015 is Reyes Tacandong & Co.

The aggregate External Audit Fees (MC No. 14, Series of 2004) in connection with the audit of the annual financial statements and services for the last three (3) years were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2014	200,000
2015	200,000
2016	200,000

The above-mentioned audit fees are inclusive of: (a) other assurance and related services by the External Auditor that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit; and (b)

review of the Company's financial statements, exclusive of tax consultancy fees and/or representation for legal matters.

The Audit Committee makes recommendations to the Board of Directors concerning the external auditors and pre-approves audit plans, scope, and frequency before the conduct of the external audit.

The Company's Auditors conducted the audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Philippines with the objective of expressing an opinion as to whether the presentation of the financial statements, taken as a whole, conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines. They performed tests of the accounting records and such other procedures, as they considered necessary in the circumstances to provide a reasonable basis for an opinion on the financial statements. They also assessed the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management and evaluated overall financial statements presentation.

The auditors also considered the Company's internal controls in order to determine the nature, timing and extent of their audit procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements. The auditors did not bill separately for this scope of work.

There were no services provided by the external auditors other than the services reported in the foregoing.

**b. Tax Fees**

There are no fees billed in each of the last three (3) years for professional services rendered by the External Auditor for tax accounting, compliance, advice, planning, and any other form of tax services.

**c. All Other Fees**

There are no fees billed in each of the last three (3) years for services provided by the External Auditor, other than the services under items (a) and (b) above.

**d. Audit Committee's Approval of Policies and Procedures**

The 2016 audit of the Company is in compliance with SRC Rule 68(3)(b)(IV) that provides that the External Auditor be rotated every five (5) years or earlier or the engagement partner should be changed. The engagement partner is Mr. Emmanuel V. Clarino.

During Audit Committee and/or Company meetings that would have an agenda that would affect the financial statements of the Company, a representative of the External Auditor is expected to be present to discuss issues and be available to respond to appropriate questions. The External Auditor is given the opportunity to make a statement if necessary pertinent to matters that may affect the examination of the books of the Company.

### 3. Financial Risk Management

The Group and its subsidiary and affiliate have exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Market Risk

The Company's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and Company's activities. All risks faced by the Company are incorporated in the annual operating budget. Mitigating strategies and procedures are also devised to address the results. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Company's Board of Directors reviews and institutes policies for managing each of the risks.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss the Group would incur if credit customers and counterparties fail to perform their contractual obligations. The Group's credit risk arises principally from the Group's cash in banks and cash equivalents, trade receivables and refundable deposits.

Receivables which are neither past due nor impaired are of good quality. These are from clients that pay on time or even before maturity date.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group manages liquidity risk by forecasting projected cash flows and maintaining a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility in operations. Treasury controls and procedures are in place to ensure that sufficient cash is maintained to cover daily operational and working capital requirements. Management closely monitors the Group's future and contingent obligations and sets up required cash reserves as necessary in accordance with internal requirements.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other market prices will adversely affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.



The Company is subject to transaction and translation exposures resulting from currency exchange fluctuations. The Group regularly monitors outstanding financial assets and liabilities in foreign currencies and maintains them at a level responsive to the current exchange rates.

#### **Capital Management**

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure its ability as a going concern and that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio which is calculated as total debt divided by total equity. Total debt is equivalent to accounts payable and accrued expenses, other current liabilities and due to related parties. Total equity comprises all components of equity.

### **D. GENERAL NATURE AND SCOPE OF BUSINESS**

Atok-Big Wedge Co. Inc. (the "Company"), formerly Atok-Big Wedge Mining Co., Inc., was incorporated and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on 4 September 1931. Its corporate life was extended on 25 September 1981 for another fifty (50) years to expire on 25 September 2031. The common shares of the Company are listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange (the "PSE"; ticker symbol: AB).

Since its incorporation, the Company engaged in mining as its primary purpose, producing gold as its major product and silver as a by-product. Its production was all sold to the Central Bank of the Philippines at a price subsidized by the Philippine Government, and later on at the prevailing world market price. Gold bullions are used by the Philippine Government as one of the components in the monetary reserve.

Although the Company changed its primary purpose in 1996 from mining to general investment, it reverted to its original purpose of engaging in exploration and development of mining, oil, gas, and other natural resources when it amended its Articles of Incorporation, which was approved by the SEC on 24 May 2010.

The Company has two (2) wholly-owned subsidiaries, ABStock and Transfers Corporation (ABSTC) and Tidemark Holdings Ltd.

ABSTC was incorporated on 24 June 2010, with the purpose of establishing, operating and acting as a transfer agent and/or registrar of corporations.

On the other hand, Tidemark is a company registered and domiciled in Hongkong SAR, which the Company bought on 3 October 2011. Tidemark used to own 9,646,757 ordinary shares of Forum Energy plc, now Forum Energy Limited ("Forum"), a company registered and domiciled in the United Kingdom representing, approximately 27.14% of Forum's outstanding capital. In March 2017, Tidemark subscribed to 6,666,667 new shares of Forum, together with the subscription simultaneously made by the other shareholder of Forum. This new subscription resulted in Tidemark owning 20% of Forum. Tidemark expects the absolute value of its 20% stake in Forum to exceed the value of its then 27.14% stake. Forum is a gas & oil exploration and production company with a portfolio of projects in the Philippines. Among these projects is the Service Contract (SC) 72 where Forum holds 70% equity. SC72 is situated offshore West of Palawan Island and is host to the Sampaguita offshore gas/condensate discovery. Drilling plans for SC72 have been placed on hold by the Philippine government pending the

resolution of territorial sovereignty disputes involving claimant countries surrounding West Philippine Sea.

The Company is a regular member and signatory of the Chamber of Mines. It has adopted the spirit and substance of the Chamber of Mines' Code of Conduct, which calls for sustainable mineral resources development, environmental responsibility and a social commitment to the general welfare and economic development of the people in the localities in which it operates.

Over the past seven decades, the Company has established a strong foundation in the Philippine mining industry.

Pursuant to its goal of seeking out projects to put into operation, the Company made a continued careful and diligent evaluation of multiple metallic and non-metallic prospects for possible investment. While it looked into investment possibilities in Laos, it recently decided to re-focus its efforts in the Philippines with priority on projects in the advanced stage, but not disregarding greenfield exploration prospects with potential. Discussions also continued for mines with confirmed potential and previously operated but closed down during the period with low metal prices. However, the Company has not made any publicly-announced new products or services nor it or any of its security holders acquired securities of another person, aside from the previously stated acquisition by Tidemark of additional shares of Forum. The Company has no plans of purchasing or selling any significant equipment.

#### **1. Business Indicators**

The Company is exploring the possibility of entering into a business venture with local and foreign entities. It will abide by the principle of sustainable and socially acceptable mineral resources development.

The viability of expanding the current pilot plant operation and sustaining it at an economically viable scale depends on the price of gold in the world market, the peso-dollar exchange rate, the efficiency of mining and milling operations, and the grade of ore. The higher the grade of ore in grams gold per ton of ore, the higher the profit margin will be.

#### **2. Participation in Bankruptcy, Receivership or Similar Proceedings**

There is no bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceedings involving the Company.

#### **3. Competition**

The Company is currently not operating a mine or oil project.

#### **4. Customers**

The Company and its subsidiaries are not dependent on any single customer or on a few customers.

#### **5. Patents, Franchise/Government Approvals**

The Company does not own any registered patent, trademark or copyright. Neither is it a recipient of any license or concession nor a party to any royalty agreement. The Company has complied with government rules and regulations and has paid all the necessary taxes and fees.

It regularly coordinates with the Department of Energy (DOE) and DENR with regard to new rules and regulations that may be promulgated.

**6. Effect of Existing or Probable Governmental Regulations**

The Philippine government is currently reviewing its policy on mining. Any such policy, when adopted, may have a significant on the Company’s future endeavors into mining activities.

Nonetheless, a combination of political, administrative and social issues slowed the pace of mining permit processing in the Philippines. For this reason, none of the pending projects for the Company progressed. A team sent by the Company evaluated a potentially mineralized area in the Bicol region last September 2011. Surface indications combined with the presence of existing producing mines in the vicinity gave interest to this prospect. However, the existing tenement application by the claim owner was rejected by the DENR. Without a valid permit, a more thorough exploration program cannot be implemented.

In 2012, FEP encountered a delay in one of its drilling programs. It has submitted all the requirements for the issuance of required permits for the drilling program. However, the permit has not yet been issued by the relevant Government body. The latest resource assessment supported the case to proceed with the drilling and FEP has been granted an extension up to August 2015 to complete its obligations under the service contract. FEP expects to proceed with its commitment as soon as it is able to obtain the necessary authorization from the Government.

**7. Research and Development Activities**

The Company does not allocate specific amounts or fixed percentages for research and development. The allocation for such activities may vary depending on the nature of the project.

Total cost incurred, including exploration and development works, during calendar years 2013 to 2016 are as follows:

Period	Revenue	Exploration	Percentage on Revenue
		Development and Environmental Cost	
CY 2013		165,450	0%
CY 2014		2,456,558	0%
CY 2015		1,593,983	0%
CY 2016		976,428	0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,192,419</b>	<b>-</b>

The above-mentioned expenses were incurred pursuant to the mandatory requirement to conduct annual assessment works, i.e. reconnaissance and semi-detailed exploration works such as geological mapping, sampling, opening up of assessment tunnels, ore reserve development and assaying of samples, etc., to prove mineable ore reserve, as provided under the Philippine Bill of 1902, Presidential Decree No. 463, the New Mining Code, and applicable laws, rules and regulations.

**8. Compliance with Environmental Laws**

The Company is currently not operating a mine or oil project. In the event that it does, all necessary pollution control and environmental protection measures will be set in place.

**9. Employees**

As of end of 2016, the Company has four (4) regular employees while ABSTC, the Company’s subsidiary has only one (1) regular employee, which employees are not subject to Collective Bargaining Agreement. The Company has no plans of adding additional employees for the ensuing twelve (12) months. However, if the level of activities increase parallel to a more supportive regulatory position on exploration and mining, the Company, is expected to increase the number of its employees. The principal duties and responsibilities of the employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are to conduct technical evaluation of potential mining projects, maintain the validity and existence of the subsidiary’s mining rights, conduct exploration and development works, set and run a pilot gold processing plant, and secure all other properties of the subsidiary, including the plant, equipment, records, maps and other valuable information at the mine site.

**10. Risk Factors**

The Company’s profitability is dependent on the performance of its subsidiary ABSTC and affiliate Forum.

**11. Properties**

Other than its shareholdings in ABSTC and in Forum (through Tidemark), the Company does not own any other significant property.

**12. Legal Proceedings**

The Company is not involved in any legal proceeding.

**E. MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS ON THE COMPANY’S COMMON EQUITY**

**1. Market Price of Shares**

The Company’s common shares are traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange. As of March 31, 2017, the closing price of the shares of the Company is P11.38. The high and low sale prices of the shares for each quarter within the last three (3) years and during the interim period are:

Quarter Ended	High	Low
03.31.17- 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	11.38	10.00
12.31.16 - 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	10.38	9.70
09.30.16 - 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	10.98	9.65
06.30.16 - 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	11.80	11.78
03.31.16 - 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	12.78	12.58
12.31.15 - 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	11.78	11.78
09.30.15 - 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	10.90	9.00

06.30.15 - 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	11.40	11.04
03.31.15 - 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	10.80	10.80
12.31.14 - 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter	11.78	11.78
09.30.14 - 3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	12.00	12.00
06.30.14 - 2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	18.00	15.98
03.31.14 - 1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	17.70	17.70

(Data taken from the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.)

## 2. Holders

### a. **Approximate Number of Shareholders of Each Class of Common Security as of March 31, 2017:**

The Company has 4,206 stockholders as of March 31, 2017.

### b. **The Top 20 Registered Stockholders of the Corporation as of March 31, 2017 are:**

The list of the top twenty (20) registered shareholders is as follows:

ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC.  
TOP TWENTY (20) STOCKHOLDERS  
AS OF MARCH 31, 2017

	No. of Shares	%
1. Boerstar Corporation	1,775,218,804	69.75%
2. North Kitanglad Agricultural Co., Inc.	309,000,000	12.14%
3. PCD Nominee Corporation:	212,257,771	8.34%
Filipino - 212,123,996		
Non-Filipino - 133,775		
4. Strong Gain Enterprises Limited	120,000,000	4.72%
5. Progressive Development Corporation	93,963,474	3.69%
6. Power Merchant International Limited	30,000,000	1.18%
Carroll, Charles F., TEE Carroll Family Trust FBO		
7. Charles F. Carroll	593,200	0.02%
8. Braasch, Herbert	84,884	0.00%
9. Baron, Rose A. & William J.	81,197	0.00%
10. Araneta, Jorge L.	73,535	0.00%
11. McLarney, Jane Mary & Timothy P. McLarney	70,875	0.00%
12. Silbert, Solomon S. & Claire B. Silbert	56,567	0.00%
13. Cohen, Sy R. & Barbara	43,195	0.00%
14. Steiner, Norma	38,656	0.00%
15. Coherco Sec., Inc. FAO 181513151200	38,000	0.00%
16. Loo Ngo Kue	36,020	0.00%
17. Pua, Luis	35,542	0.00%
18. Cunningham, Edmund F. & Pauline F.	33,275	0.00%

19.	Olasiman, Edilberto O.	33,100	0.00%
20.	Fores, Maria Lourdes A.	29,840	0.00%
	Roxas, Judy A.	29,840	0.00%

Total issued and outstanding shares -  
2,545,000,000

*NOTE: NKACI has 200,000,000 shares lodged with PCD Nominee Corporation. In all, NKACI owns 509,000,000 shares representing 20% of the total outstanding shares of the Company.*

### **3. Dividends**

The Company has not declared any dividends during the last three (3) years.

The Company's Amended By-Laws provide that its Board of Directors may declare dividends only from surplus profits arising from the business of the Company, in accordance with the preferences constituted in favor of preferred stock when and if such preferred stock be issued and outstanding. Restrictions under the Corporation Code of the Philippines also limit the Company's power to declare dividends.

### **4. Recent Sales of Unregistered or Exempt Securities including Recent Issuance of Securities Constituting an Exempt Transaction**

There were no unregistered or exempt securities sold by the Company, and there were no issuances of securities made by the Company constituting an exempt transaction.

## **F. COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE**

The Company has adopted the Securities and Exchange Commission's Corporate Governance Self-Rating Form (SEC CG-SRF) as its system of evaluation for compliance with the Company's Manual on Corporate Governance.

To fully comply with the adopted leading practices on good corporate governance, the following measures, among others, are being undertaken by the Company:

1. Holding a seminar on good corporate governance for Directors and Officers;
2. Adoption and implementation of a Code of Conduct for Directors, Officers and Employees;
3. Development, adoption and accomplishment of Full Business Interest Disclosure Form for all Directors and Officers;
4. Regularly holding, on a quarterly basis at the very least, Regular and Special Board Meetings;
5. Regular meetings of Board Committees, i.e. Nomination, Audit, and Compensation and Remuneration Committees;
6. Preparation and implementation of Audit Plans and Programs;
7. Adoption and implementation of Vision and Mission Statements and Corporate Strategy Financial and Operation Plans;
8. Identification and management of key performance risk areas;
9. Adoption and implementation of Guidelines on Capital Expenditures; and

**10. Duly minuted proceedings of all Regular and Special Board Meetings and Board Committee Meetings.**

There were no deviations from the Company's Manual of Corporate Governance.

The Company plans to hold more seminars on the different aspects of good corporate governance, such as risk management, to improve its corporate governance.

max 1411

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, **MARGARITO B. TEVES**, Filipino, of legal age, with address at Great Wall Advertising Building, 136 Yakal Street, Makati City, after having been sworn to in accordance with law, hereby depose and state that:

- 1. I am an Independent Director of Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc. (the "Corporation").
- 2. I am also affiliated with the following companies:

Company	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
P.J. Lhuillier Group of Companies	Member, Strategic Committee	February 2015 to present
Petron	Independent Director	May 20, 2014 to present
Bank of Commerce	Board Adviser	July 26, 2013 to present
Atlantic Aurum Investments Philippines Corporation	Independent Director,	July 19, 2013 to present
AB Capital Investment Corp.	Independent Director	June 29, 2012 to present
San Miguel Corporation	Independent Director	June 14, 2012 to present
The Wallace Business Forum	Managing Director	March 1, 2012 to present
Think Tank, Inc.	Chairman	1998 to 2000; 2010 to present
The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, Inc.	Independent Director	2011 - Present
Alphaland Corporation	Independent Director	May 26 2011 - Present
Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc.	Independent Director	2011 – Present
Pampanga Sugar Development Co (PASUDECO)	Director	July 2011 – Present

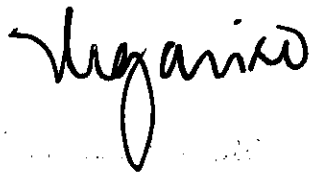
- 3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of the Corporation as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulations Code ("SRC") and its Implementing Rules and Regulations ("IRR").
- 4. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as an Independent Director under the SRC and its IRR.
- 5. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary /Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Corporation of any changes in the above-mentioned information within five (5) days from its occurrence.

Done this \_\_\_\_\_ day of MAR 31 2017 at Makati City.

  
**MARGARITO B. TEVES**  
Affiant

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this MAR 31 2017 at Makati City, affiant exhibiting to me his TIN No. 105-549-310.

Doc No. 641;  
Page No. 36;  
Book No. 18;  
Series on 20 17

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Makati City  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Makati City  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Makati City



CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

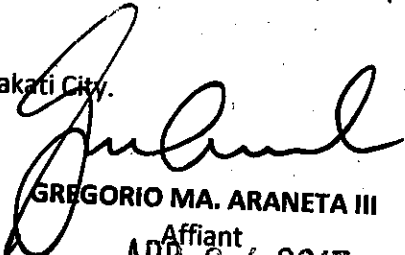
I, GREGORIO MA. ARANETA III, Filipino, of legal age, with address at 21/F Citibank Tower, Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, after having been sworn to in accordance with law, hereby depose and state that:

- 1. I am an Independent Director of ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. (the "Corporation").
- 2. I am also affiliated with the following companies:

Company	Position/Relationship	Period of Service
Araneta Properties, Inc.	Chairman/Chief Executive Officer	2010 to present
ARAZA Resources Corporation	President/Chairman	2006 to present
Carmel Development, Inc.	President/Chairman	2007 to present
Gregorio Araneta Inc.	Chairman and President	2000 to present
Gregorio Araneta Management Corporation	Chairman and President	2013 to present
Gamma Properties, Inc.	Chairman	2000 to present
Philweb Corporation	Chairman	2016 to present
Alphaland Corporation	Independent Director	2014 to present
Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc.	Independent Director	2014 to present
The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place, Inc.	Independent Director	2014 to present

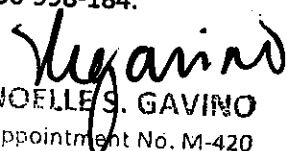
- 3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of the Corporation as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulations Code ("SRC") and its Implementing Rules and Regulations ("IRR").
- 4. I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as an Independent Director under the SRC and its IRR.
- 5. I shall inform the Corporate Secretary /Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Corporation of any changes in the above-mentioned information within five (5) days from its occurrence.

Done this \_\_\_\_\_ day of APR 04 2017 at Makati City.

  
GREGORIO MA. ARANETA III  
Affiant  
APR 04 2017

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ at Makati City, affiant exhibiting to me his TIN No. 136-998-184.

Doc No. 642  
Page No. 36  
Book No. 14  
Series on 2017

  
NOELLE S. GAVINO  
Appointment No. M-420  
Notary Public for Makati City  
Until December 31, 2017  
5th Floor, The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place  
7252 Ayala Ave. corner Malugay St. Makati City  
Roll No. 61296  
PTR No. 5918354, 01/11/2017, Makati City  
IBP No. 1009461, 01/24/2017, Makati City  
MCLE No. V-0021546 / TIN No. 274-270-113

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES )  
MAKATI CITY ) S.S.

**SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE**

I, **Cliburn Anthony A. Orbe**, of legal age, Filipino, and with office address at 5th Floor, Alphaland Makati Place, 7232 Ayala Avenue corner Malugay Street, Makati City, after being duly sworn in accordance with law, hereby certify that:

1. I am the Corporate Secretary of **ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC.** (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Republic of the Philippines with business office address at Alphaland Makati Place, 7232 Ayala Avenue corner Malugay Street, Barangay Bel-Air, 1209 Makati City, Philippines;

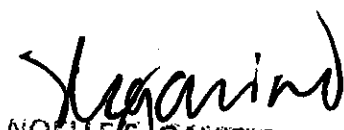
2. To the best of my knowledge, none of the directors and officers of the Corporation works in the government.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto affixed my signature this APR 10 2017 at Makati City, Metro Manila.

  
**CLIBURN ANTHONY A. ORBE**  
Corporate Secretary

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this APR 10 2017 at Makati City, Metro Manila, affiant exhibiting to me his TIN 180-004-166.

Doc. No. 710;  
Page No. 44;  
Book No. 111;  
Series of 2017.

  
**NOELLE S. GAVINO**  
Appointment No. M-420  
Notary Public for Makati City;  
Until December 31, 2017  
5<sup>th</sup> Floor The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place  
7232 Ayala Ave. corner Malugay St. Makati City  
Roll No. 61296  
PTR No. 5618854, 01/11/2017 Makati City  
IBP No. 101 1041, 01/24/2017 Makati City  
MCIL No. V-01 27542 / TIN No. 274-478-243

# ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC.

10<sup>th</sup> Floor, ALPHALAND SOUTHGATE TOWER  
2258 CHINO ROCES AVENUE CORNER EDSA

TELEFAX NO.: 310-7100

January 27, 2017

## "STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS"

The management of Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc. (the Group) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible in overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

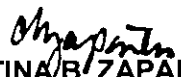
Reyes Tacandong & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Group in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.



**ROBERTO V. ONGPIN**  
Chairman & CEO



**ERIC O. RECTO**  
President




**CRISTINA B. ZAPANTA**  
Vice-President Finance

APR 04 2017

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ at Makati City, affiants exhibiting to me their respective identification documents, and personally known to me, follows:

NAME	COMPETENT EVIDENCE OF IDENTITY	DATE OF ISSUE	PLACE OF ISSUE
Roberto V. Ongpin	Passport No: EB5765525	06/27/2012	DFA Manila
Eric O. Recto	Passport No: EC3544131	02/27/2015	DFA Manila
Cristina B. Zapanta	License No: D16-97-154026	07/28/2014	LTO East Ave Quezon City

Doc. No. 651  
Page No. 32  
Book No. 111  
Series of 2017

  
NOEL S. GAVINO  
Appointment No. M-420  
Notary Public for Makati City  
Until December 31, 2017

5<sup>th</sup> Floor, The City Club at Alphaland Makati Place  
7232 Ayala Ave. corner Malugay St. Makati City  
Roll No. 61296

PTR No. 5918354, 01/11/2017- Makati City  
ISP No. 1069051, 01/24/2017- Makati City  
LICENSE No. D16-97-154026 / TIN No. 27-00000000

COVER SHEET
for
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEC Registration Number
PW427-A

COMPANY NAME
ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PRINCIPAL OFFICE (No./Street/Barangay/City/Town/Province)
10th Floor, Alphaland Southgate Tower, 2258 Chino Roces Avenue corner EDSA, Makati City

Form Type: AACFS
Department requiring the report: CRMD
Secondary License Type, If Applicable: N/A

COMPANY INFORMATION
Company's Email Address: -
Company's Telephone Number/s: (632) 304-6282
Mobile Number: -
No. of Stockholders: 4,207
Annual Meeting (Month / Day): Last Friday of May
Fiscal Year (Month / Day): 12 / 31

CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION
The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation
Name of Contact Person: Ms. Cristina B. Zapanta
Email Address: cbzapanta@alphaland.com.ph
Telephone Number/s: (632) 337-2031
Mobile Number: 0908-8762265

CONTACT PERSON'S ADDRESS
Alphaland Southgate Tower, 2258 Chino Roces Avenue corner EDSA, Makati City

NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.
2: All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors  
Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc. and Subsidiaries

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, and notes to consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS).

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Notes 1 and 7 to consolidated financial statements concerning the delay in one of the planned drilling programs of Forum Energy Ltd. (formerly Forum Energy Plc), an associate of a subsidiary. The ultimate outcome of the uncertainty related to this delay cannot presently be determined.

### Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audits of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.





#### Valuation of Investment in an Associate

The Group is required to review the carrying amount of its investment in an associate at each reporting date whenever there is any indication of impairment losses. The impairment review is significant to our audit since the carrying amount of investment in an associate of ₱490.3 million which represents 75% of the consolidated total assets as at December 31, 2016, is material to the consolidated financial statements. Further, the valuation of the investment involves management's judgment and estimate on the commencement and feasibility of the Associate's exploration projects, which are affected by future market or economic conditions, particularly the outcome of territorial deliberations in the West Philippine Sea.

Our audit procedures, included among others, the review of the assumptions used by the Group in the impairment assessment, in particular those relating to the forecasted cash flows from the Associate's Service Contracts. We also focused on the adequacy of the Group's disclosures pertaining to the status of the Associate's significant exploration projects and the financial information of the Associate as disclosed in Notes 1 and 7 to consolidated financial statements.

#### *Other Information*

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2016, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2016 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

#### *Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements*

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.





*Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements*

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, these could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.



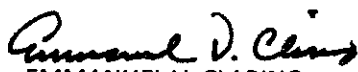




We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

**REYES TACANDONG & Co.**

  
EMMANUEL V. CLARINO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 27455

Tax Identification No. 102-084-004-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until December 31, 2013

SEC Accreditation No. 1021-AR-1 Group A

Valid until April 30, 2017

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-5-2017

Valid until January 13, 2020

PTR No. 5908522

Issued January 3, 2017, Makati City

March 22, 2017

Makati City, Metro Manila



**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

		December 31	
	Note	2016	2015
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	P145,837,631	P172,753,406
Receivables	5	5,672,078	5,016,943
Other current assets	6	7,530,172	7,075,485
Total Current Assets		159,039,881	184,845,834
<b>Noncurrent Assets</b>			
Investment in an associate	7	490,326,051	462,150,899
Available-for-sale financial asset	8	1,999,950	1,999,950
Property and equipment	10	125,610	1,146,655
Other noncurrent assets		2,966,579	2,889,065
Total Noncurrent Assets		495,418,190	468,186,569
		P654,458,071	P653,032,403
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
Payables and other current liabilities	11	P2,095,070	P14,163,217
Income tax payable		18,111	93,139
Total Current Liabilities		2,113,181	14,256,356
<b>Equity</b>			
Capital stock	13	1,060,000,000	1,060,000,000
Deficit		(510,588,802)	(477,224,220)
Cumulative translation adjustment	7	102,933,692	56,000,267
Total Equity		652,344,890	638,776,047
		P654,458,071	P653,032,403

*See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

		Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2016	2015	2014
<b>GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</b>	14	<b>₱18,690,458</b>	<b>₱21,927,639</b>	<b>₱25,607,883</b>
<b>OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)</b>				
Share in net results of operations				
of an associate	7	(18,758,273)	(22,208,252)	2,647,051
Interest income	4	2,784,483	2,843,539	3,055,442
Service fees		1,479,480	1,463,297	1,438,880
Others		30,141	27,643	88,012
		(14,464,169)	(17,873,773)	7,229,385
<b>LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX</b>		<b>(33,154,627)</b>	<b>(39,801,412)</b>	<b>(18,378,498)</b>
<b>CURRENT INCOME TAX EXPENSE</b>	17	<b>209,955</b>	<b>219,688</b>	<b>158,529</b>
<b>NET LOSS</b>		<b>(33,364,582)</b>	<b>(40,021,100)</b>	<b>(18,537,027)</b>
<b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>				
<i>Item that will be reclassified subsequently</i>				
<i>to profit or loss -</i>				
Foreign exchange differences on translation				
of the financial statements of Tidemark				
Holdings Limited	7	46,933,425	40,540,500	1,905,745
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)</b>		<b>₱13,568,843</b>	<b>₱519,400</b>	<b>(₱16,631,282)</b>
<b>BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE</b>	15	<b>(₱0.0350)</b>	<b>(₱0.0420)</b>	<b>(₱0.0194)</b>

*See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

	Note	Years Ended December 31		
		2016	2015	2014
<b>CAPITAL STOCK - ₱1 par value</b>	13	<b>₱1,060,000,000</b>	<b>₱1,060,000,000</b>	<b>₱1,060,000,000</b>
<b>DEFICIT</b>				
Balance at beginning of year		(477,224,220)	(437,203,120)	(418,666,093)
Net loss		(33,364,582)	(40,021,100)	(18,537,027)
Balance at end of year		(510,588,802)	(477,224,220)	(437,203,120)
<b>CUMULATIVE TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENT</b>	7			
Balance at beginning of year		56,000,267	15,459,767	13,554,022
Foreign exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of Tidemark Holdings Limited		46,933,425	40,540,500	1,905,745
Balance at end of year		102,933,692	56,000,267	15,459,767
		<b>₱652,344,890</b>	<b>₱638,776,047</b>	<b>₱638,256,647</b>

*See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

		Years ended December 31		
	Note	2016	2015	2014
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Loss before income tax		(P33,154,627)	(P39,801,412)	(P18,378,498)
Adjustments for:				
Share in net results of operations				
of an associate	7	18,758,273	22,208,252	(2,647,051)
Interest income	4	(2,784,483)	(2,843,539)	(3,055,442)
Depreciation and amortization	10	442,826	856,500	1,666,771
Loss (gain) on sale of property and equipment	10	7,102	—	(85,590)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(16,730,909)	(19,580,199)	(22,499,810)
Increase in:				
Receivables		(693,809)	(824,640)	(287,202)
Other current assets		(614,266)	(861,916)	(841,224)
Increase (decrease) in payables and other current liabilities		(12,068,147)	5,115,027	4,674,840
Net cash used for operations		(30,107,131)	(16,151,728)	(18,953,396)
Interest received		2,823,157	2,847,382	3,302,615
Income tax paid		(125,404)	(162,410)	(754,191)
Net cash used in operating activities		(27,409,378)	(13,466,756)	(16,404,972)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	10	608,929	—	85,590
Additions to:				
Property and equipment	10	(37,812)	(11,397)	(97,241)
Other noncurrent assets		(77,514)	(421,891)	(328,276)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		493,603	(433,288)	(339,927)
<b>NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		<b>(26,915,775)</b>	<b>(13,900,044)</b>	<b>(16,744,899)</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>		<b>172,753,406</b>	<b>186,653,450</b>	<b>203,398,349</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR</b>		<b>P145,837,631</b>	<b>P172,753,406</b>	<b>P186,653,450</b>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Corporate Matters**

**Corporate Information**

Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc. (the Parent Company) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on September 3, 1931. The Parent Company's corporate life was extended to another 50 years from September 25, 1981. The Parent Company's primary purpose is to engage in the business of exploration and development of mining, oil, gas and other natural resources.

The Parent Company listed its shares in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) on January 8, 1948. As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, 953,963,474 of the Parent Company's shares are listed in the PSE.

The Parent Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

Subsidiary	Place of Incorporation	Nature of Business	Percentage of Ownership	
			2016	2015
Tidemark Holdings Limited (Tidemark)	Hong Kong	Holding	100%	100%
AB Stock Transfers Corporation (ABSTC)	Philippines	Stock Transfer Agency	100%	100%

The Parent Company and subsidiaries are collectively referred herein as "the Group."

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Group, through Tidemark, has 27.14% interest in Forum Energy Ltd. (FEL, formerly Forum Energy Plc.). FEL's shares were listed and traded at the London Stock Exchange's Alternative Investment Market until June 26, 2015.

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Parent Company is 69.75% owned by Boerstar Corporation, a holding company incorporated in the Philippines. The ultimate parent of the Group is Compact Holdings, Inc., a Philippine entity engaged in holding and investing activities.

On March 22, 2017, the Board of Directors (BOD) approved the subscription to additional 6,666,667 new shares of FEL (through Tidemark) at USD0.30 a share or a total of USD2.0 million. Together with the subscription simultaneously made by other major shareholder of FEL, this new subscription resulted to the Company owning 20.00% of FEL.

The Parent Company's registered address is 10th Floor, Alphaland Southgate Tower, 2258 Chino Roces Avenue corner EDSA, Makati City.

**Status of the Significant Projects of FEL (Associate Entity)**

*Service Contract 72 (Reed Bank).* FEL's principal asset is a 70% interest in Service Contract (SC) 72 which covers an area of 8,800 square kilometers in the West Philippine Sea. SC 72 is currently under Sub-Phase 2 of its exploration. However, the Philippine government was unable to grant FEL the permission to deploy vessels for drill site survey work due to the territorial deliberations in the West Philippine Sea.

On February 26, 2015, the DOE granted *Force Majeure* to SC 72 work commitments effective December 15, 2014. In view of this, all exploration activities in the block are suspended until the DOE notifies FEL to commence drilling. The DOE has also approved the Work Program and Budget for 2017 submitted by FEL consisting of License Administration and the conduct of geotechnical survey contingent on the lifting of the *Force Majeure* over SC 72. The ultimate outcome of the uncertainty on the conduct of drilling operations cannot be determined at this time.

*Service Contract 40 (North Cebu).* The Libertad Gas Field, a sub-block of the North Cebu Block covered by SC 40, continuously produced gas. However, on August 21, 2015, production was suspended due to fluctuating wellhead pressure on the L-95-1 well causing the engine to shut down.

*Service Contract 14C-1 (Galoc).* Production from SC14C-1 Galoc Phase 2 wells commenced on December 5, 2013, in addition to the initial Phase 1 wells which have been operating since 2008.

*Service Contracts 14A (Nido), 14B (Matinloc) and 14B-1 (North Matinloc).* The three fields produced oil on a cyclical basis in 2016 and 2015.

*Other Service Contracts.* FEL has participating interests in other SCs including SC6A (Oton) and SC14C-2 (West Linapacan), among others, which are currently under exploration phase.

#### **Potential Acquisition of Certain Mining Rights**

The Parent Company entered into various Memoranda of Understanding for the potential acquisition of certain mining rights. Total deposits to the mining rights holders amounted to ₱1.5 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015. In view of the prevailing regulatory environment, the Parent Company is evaluating the continued feasibility of this potential acquisition.

#### **Significant Corporate Acts of the Parent Company**

*Amendment to the Article III of the Articles of Incorporation.* Through the approval by majority of the BOD and the vote of the stockholders on August 28, 2014, the Parent Company changed its principal office address to 10th Floor, Alphaland Southgate Tower, 2258 Chino Roces Avenue corner EDSA, Makati City, pursuant to the SEC Memorandum Circular No. 6, Series of 2014. This was approved by the SEC on February 9, 2015.

*Stock Option Plan (SOP).* In 2015, the BOD approved the SOP which provides among others the allocation of no more than 5% of the authorized capital for the SOP; each grant is for 3 years and will vest 1/3 for each of the succeeding years; and the strike price shall not be less than 80% of the market value at the time of grant. This was ratified by the stockholders on May 31, 2016.

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Parent Company is still completing the requirements for the SEC's approval of the exemption from its registration requirements and the PSE's approval of the listing of the shares under the SOP. To date, no grants have been made under the SOP.

#### **Approval and Authorization for Issuance of Consolidated Financial Statements**

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Executive Committee of the BOD on March 22, 2017.

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## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### **Basis of Preparation**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) issued by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the SEC. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS), Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), and SEC provisions.

### **Measurement Bases**

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, the Group's functional and presentational currency. All values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise stated.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the transaction date.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair value is included in Note 18.

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#### **Adoption of New and Amended PFRS**

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the following new and amended PFRS which the Group adopted effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016:

- Amendments to PFRS 10, PFRS 12, *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*, and PAS 28 - *Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception* – The amendments clarify the application of the consolidation exception for investment entities and their subsidiaries.
- Amendments to PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements: Disclosure Initiative* – The amendments clarify guidance on materiality and aggregation, the presentation of subtotals, the structure of financial statements and the disclosure of accounting policies.
- Amendments to PAS 16, *Property, Plant and Equipment – Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation*, and PAS 38, *Intangible Assets – Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Amortization* – The amendments add guidance and clarify that (i) the use of revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset, and (ii) revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset; however, this presumption can be rebutted in certain limited circumstances.

The adoption of the foregoing new and amended PFRS did not have any material effect on the consolidated financial statements. Additional disclosures have been included in the notes to consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

#### **New and Amended PFRS Not Yet Adopted**

Relevant new and amended PFRS which are not yet effective for the year ended December 31, 2016 and have not been applied in preparing the consolidated financial statements are summarized below.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017 -

- Amendments to PAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows - Disclosure Initiative* – The amendments require entities to provide information that enable the users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from their financing activities.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 -

- PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* – This standard will replace PAS 39 (and all the previous versions of PFRS 9). It contains requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, impairment, hedge accounting and derecognition.

PFRS 9 requires all recognized financial assets to be subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value (through profit or loss or through other comprehensive income), depending on their classification by reference to the business model within which they are held and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

For financial liabilities, the most significant effect of PFRS 9 relates to cases where the fair value option is taken: the amount of change in fair value of a financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognized in other comprehensive income (rather than in profit or loss), unless this creates an accounting mismatch.

For the impairment of financial assets, PFRS 9 introduces an "expected credit loss" model based on the concept of providing for expected losses at inception of a contract; it will no longer be necessary for there to be objective evidence of impairment before a credit loss is recognized.

For hedge accounting, PFRS 9 introduces a substantial overhaul allowing financial statements to better reflect how risk management activities are undertaken when hedging financial and non-financial risk exposures.

The derecognition provisions are carried over almost unchanged from PAS 39.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 -

- PFRS 16, *Leases* – The most significant change introduced by the new standard is that almost all leases will be brought onto lessees' statements of financial position under a single model (except leases of less than 12 months and leases of low-value assets), eliminating the distinction between operating and finance leases. Lessor accounting, however, remains largely unchanged and the distinction between operating and finance lease is retained.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing new and amended PFRS is not expected to have any material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Additional disclosures will be included in the consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

#### **Basis of Consolidation**

*Subsidiaries* - Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Parent Company. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries. The Parent Company has control when it is exposed, or has right, to variable returns from its investment with the investee and it has the ability to affect those returns through its powers over the investee.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition or incorporation, being the date on which the Parent Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date such control ceases. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Changes in the controlling equity ownership (i.e., acquisition of non-controlling interest or partial disposal of interest over a subsidiary) that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

When the Parent Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; or
- The Parent Company's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Parent Company re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

*Functional and Presentation Currency* - The consolidated financial statements are presented in Peso, which is the Parent Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency, which is the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying transactions, events and conditions relevant to that entity, and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. When there is a change in those underlying transactions, events and conditions, the entity accounts for such change in accordance with the Group's policy on change in functional currency. At the reporting date, the assets and liabilities of Tidemark, a subsidiary whose functional currency is in United States (US) Dollar are translated into the presentation currency of the Parent Company using the foreign exchange closing rate at the reporting date, components of equity using historical exchange rate, and their statements of comprehensive income are translated at the foreign exchange weighted average daily exchange rates for the year. The exchange differences arising from translation are taken directly to a separate component of equity under the "Cumulative Translation Adjustment" account. Upon disposal of the foreign entity, the cumulative translation adjustment shall be recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

*Business Combinations and Goodwill* - Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are recognized as expense.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability will be recognized in accordance with PAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured. Subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. In instance where the contingent consideration does not fall within the scope of PAS 39, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate PFRS.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognized for non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized in profit or loss. If the initial accounting for business combination can be determined only provisionally by the end of the period by which the combination is effected because either the fair values to be assigned to the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities or contingent liabilities or the cost of the combination can be determined only provisionally, the Group accounts the combination using provisional values. Adjustments to these provisional values as a result of completing the initial accounting shall be made within 12 months from the acquisition date. The carrying amount of an identifiable asset, liability or contingent liability that is recognized as a result of completing the initial accounting shall be calculated as if its fair value at the acquisition date had been recognized from that date and goodwill or any gain recognized shall be adjusted from the acquisition date by an amount equal to the adjustment to the fair value at the acquisition date of the identifiable asset, liability or contingent liability being recognized or adjusted.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

*Transactions Eliminated on Consolidation* - All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses and unrealized gains and losses are eliminated in full.

*Accounting Policies of Subsidiaries* - The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year using uniform accounting policies as that of the Parent Company.

#### **Financial Assets and Liabilities**

*Date of Recognition.* The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the consolidated statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized using settlement date accounting. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of the assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

*Initial Recognition of Financial Instruments.* Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value of the consideration given (in the case of an asset) or received (in the case of a liability). Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of all financial assets and liabilities, except for financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL). Fair value is determined by reference to the transaction price or other market prices. If such market prices are not readily determinable, the fair value of the consideration is estimated as the sum of all future cash payments or receipts, discounted using the prevailing market rate of interest for similar instruments with similar maturities.

*"Day 1" Differences.* Where the transaction in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Group recognizes the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. In cases where there is no observable data on inception, the Group deemed the transactions price as the best estimate of fair value and recognizes "Day 1" difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Group determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" difference.

*Classification of Financial Instruments.* The Group classifies its financial assets into the following categories: financial assets at FVPL, held-to-maturity (HTM) investments, available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets and loans and receivables. The Group classifies its financial liabilities into financial liabilities at FVPL and other financial liabilities.

The Group determines the classification of its financial assets on initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at each financial year-end.

The Group does not have financial instruments classified as financial assets or financial liabilities at FVPL and HTM investments.

*AFS Financial Assets.* AFS financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as such or are not classified as another category of financial assets. After initial measurement, AFS financial assets are subsequently carried at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized in other comprehensive income. These fair value changes are recognized in other comprehensive income until the investment is derecognized or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss. Investment in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are carried at cost.

This category includes the Group's investment in unquoted shares of stock.

*Loans and Receivables.* Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any allowance for impairment. The calculation takes into account any premium or discount on acquisition and includes transaction costs and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in consolidated statements of comprehensive income when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets if maturity is within 12 months from reporting date. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents, receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees) and refundable deposits presented under "Other noncurrent assets" account are classified under this category.

*Other Financial Liabilities.* Other financial liabilities at amortized cost pertain to issued financial instruments or their components that are not classified or designated at FVPL and contain obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder as to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity.

The Group's payables and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payables) are classified under this category.

The amortized cost of a financial liability is the amount at which the financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments plus or minus the cumulative accretion using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount. Interest expense, including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs, is charged to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income on an accrual basis using the effective interest method. Interest expense is added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that these are not settled in the period in which they arise.

#### **Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities**

*Financial Assets.* A financial asset (or, when applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- a. the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- b. the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass through' arrangement; or
- c. the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to pay.

*Financial Liabilities.* A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or has expired.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

*Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities.* Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the consolidated statements of financial position.

#### **Impairment of Financial Assets**

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial or group of financial assets is impaired. Objective evidence includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about loss events such as but not limited to significant financial difficulty of the counterparty, a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, probability that borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization.

*Financial Assets Carried at Amortized Cost.* For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant.

If it is determined that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, the asset is included in the group of financial assets with similar credit risk and characteristics and that group of financial assets is collectively assessed for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Time value is generally not considered when the effect of discounting is not material. The amount of the loss shall be recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reduced by adjusting the allowance account. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost at the reversal date.

*AFS Financial Assets.* In the case of equity investments, evidence of impairment would include a significant or prolonged decline in fair value of investment below its cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized, is removed from other comprehensive and recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through profit or loss. Increases in fair value after impairment are recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

**Other Current Assets**

Other current assets consist of excess of input value added tax (VAT) over output VAT, creditable withholding taxes (CWT) and prepayments.

*VAT.* Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT. The net amount of VAT recoverable from the taxation authorities is recognized under "Other current assets" account in the consolidated statements of financial position.

*CWT.* CWT represents the amount withheld by the Group's customers in relation to its income. CWT can be utilized as payment for income taxes provided that these are properly supported by certificates of creditable tax withheld at source subject to the rules on Philippine income taxation.

*Prepayments.* Prepayments represent expenses not yet incurred but already paid in cash. Prepayments are initially recorded as assets and measured at the amount of cash paid. Subsequently, these are charged to expense as these are consumed in operations or expire with the passage of time. Prepayments that are expected to be incurred no more than 12 months after the reporting date are classified as current assets. Otherwise these are classified as noncurrent assets.

**Investment in an Associate**

The Group's investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method. An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence.

Under the equity method, investment in an associate is carried in the consolidated statements of financial position at cost plus post acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate. Goodwill relating to an associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortized nor individually tested for impairment.

The consolidated statements of comprehensive income reflect the share of the results of operations of the associates. Where there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognizes its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the consolidated statements of changes in equity. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associates are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

The share in net income (loss) of the associate is shown as "Share in the net results of operations of an associate" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

The financial statements of the associates are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group measures and recognizes any retaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in profit or loss.

**Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and any accumulated impairment in value.



The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditures incurred after the property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs, maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally recognized in profit or loss in the year the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as additional costs of property and equipment. The cost of replacing a component of an item of property and equipment is recognized if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the component will flow to the Group, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced component is derecognized.

When significant parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, these are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and equipment.

Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the property and equipment:

Asset Type	Number of Years
Exploration equipment	3
Leasehold improvements	5 or lease term, whichever is shorter
Furniture and fixtures	4
Office equipment	3
Transportation equipment	5

The estimated useful lives and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that these are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

Fully depreciated items are retained as property and equipment until these are no longer in use.

When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation, amortization and any impairment in value are removed from the accounts. Any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

#### **Deferred Mining Exploration Cost**

Deferred mining exploration cost is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Exploration and evaluation activity involves the search for mineral resources, the determination of technical feasibility and the assessment of commercial viability of the mineral resource.

Exploration and evaluation activity includes:

- Gathering exploration data through geological studies;
- Exploratory drilling and sampling; and
- Evaluating the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource.

Deferred mining exploration cost is no longer classified as such when the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral reserve are demonstrable. Deferred mining exploration cost is assessed for impairment, and any impairment loss is recognized, before reclassification to mineral reserves.

#### **Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets**

The nonfinancial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying amount exceeds its estimated recoverable amounts, the asset or cash-generating unit is written down to its recoverable amount. The estimated recoverable amount of the asset is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. However, that increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in profit or loss. After such reversal, the depreciation and amortization charge is adjusted in future years to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

#### **Equity**

*Capital Stock.* Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. Unpaid subscriptions are recognized as a reduction of subscribed capital shares.

*Deficit.* Deficit represents the cumulative balance of net income or loss net of dividend declaration.

*Cumulative Translation Adjustment.* All resulting exchange differences arising from translation of financial statements of Tidemark are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in "Cumulative Translation Adjustment" account, a separate component of equity.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognized to the extent that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts and rebates. The Group has concluded that it is the principal in all of its revenue arrangements. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized.

*Service Fee.* Service fee is recognized in profit or loss when related services are rendered.

*Interest income.* Interest income is recognized as the interest accrues taking into account the effective yield on the assets.

*Other Income.* Income from other sources is recognized when earned during the period.

**Costs and Expense Recognition**

Costs and expenses are recognized in profit or loss when a decrease in future economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

*General and Administrative Expenses.* General and administrative expenses constitute costs of administering the business. These are recognized in profit or loss upon receipt of goods, utilization of services or when the expenses are incurred.

**Loss per Share**

The Group presents basic and diluted loss per share. Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, excluding common shares purchased by the Group and held as treasury shares. Diluted loss per share is calculated in the same manner, adjusted for the effects of all the dilutive potential common shares.

**Leases**

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset. A reassessment is made after inception of the lease only if one of the following applies:

- a. there is a change in contractual terms, other than a renewal or extension of the arrangement;
- b. a renewal option is exercised or extension granted, unless the term of the renewal or extension was initially included in the lease term;
- c. there is a change in the determination of whether fulfillment is dependent on a specified asset;  
or
- d. there is a substantial change to the asset.

Where reassessment is made, lease accounting shall commence or cease from the date when the change in circumstances gave rise to the reassessment for scenarios (a), (c) or (d) and at the date of renewal or extension period for scenario (b).

*Group as a Lessee.* Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

**Short-term Employee Benefits**

The Group provides short-term benefits to its employees in the form of basic pay, 13th month pay, bonuses, employer's share on government contribution, and other short-term benefits.

The Group recognizes a liability net of amounts already paid and an expense for services rendered by employees during the year. Short-term employee benefit liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

### **Income Taxes**

*Current Tax.* Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rate enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

*Deferred Tax.* Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, and carry forward benefits of the excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax (RCIT) and net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, excess MCIT and NOLCO can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate (and tax laws) in effect at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

### **Foreign Currency Transactions**

The Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using that functional currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency rate at the transaction date.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rate at the reporting date. All differences are taken to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Nonmonetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

### **Related Parties**

Related party relationship exists when one party has the ability to control, directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Such relationships also exist between and/or among entities which are under common control with the reporting entity, or between, and/or among the reporting entity and its key management personnel, directors or its stockholders. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely to the legal form.

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**Segment Reporting**

Operating segments are components of the Group: (a) that engage in business activities from which they may earn revenue and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group); (b) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's senior management, its chief operating decision maker, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance; and (c) for which discrete financial information is available.

For purposes of management reporting, the Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately based on the nature of the business segment, with each business representing a strategic business segment.

**Provisions and Contingencies**

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting year and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements. These are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

**Events After the Reporting Date**

Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Group's financial position at the end of reporting year (adjusting events) are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Post year-end events that are non-adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements when material.

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**3. Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions**

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The judgments and estimates used in the consolidated financial statements are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the reporting date.

While the Group believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

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The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Changes in accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the change affects only that period or in the period of the change and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the significant judgments, accounting estimates and assumptions made by the Group:

*Determination of Functional Currency.* Based on the economic substance of the underlying circumstances relevant to the Parent Company, the functional currency of the Parent Company has been determined to be the Philippine Peso. The Philippine Peso is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Parent Company operates.

*Determination of Operating Segments.* Determination of operating segments is based on the information about components of the Group that management uses to make decisions about the operating matters. Operating segments use internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the Parent Company's chief operating decision maker, which is defined to be the Parent Company's BOD, in order to allocate resources to the segment and assess its performance. The Group reports separate information about an operating segment that meets any of the following quantitative thresholds: (a) its reported revenue, including both sales to external customers and intersegment sales or transfers, is 10% or more of the combined revenue, internal and external, of all operating segments; (b) the absolute amount of its reported profit or loss is 10% or more of the greater, in absolute amount, of (i) the combined reported profit of all operating segments that did not report a loss and (ii) the combined reported loss of all operating segments that reported a loss; and (c) the assets of the segment are 10% or more of the combined assets of all operating segments.

The Group determined that its operating segments are organized and managed separately based on the nature of the business segment, with each business representing a strategic segment.

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Group's operating segments consist of its mining, exploration and development, and stock transfer agency activities.

*Classification of Leases - Group as a Lessee.* The Group has operating lease agreement for its office spaces. The Group has determined that the risks and rewards of ownership related to the leased property are retained by the lessor. Accordingly, the agreement is accounted for as an operating lease.

Rental expense amounted to ₱2.0 million, ₱2.2 million and ₱1.2 million in 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 16).

*Determination of Impairment Loss on Receivables.* The Group maintains allowance for impairment losses at a level considered adequate to provide for potential uncollectible receivables. The level of this allowance is evaluated by management on the basis of factors that affect the collectibility of the accounts. These factors include, but are not limited to, significant financial difficulties or bankruptcy, the length of the Group's relationship with the customer, the customer payment behavior, and known market factors. The Group identifies and provides for specific accounts that are doubtful of collection and reviews the age and status of the remaining receivables and establishes a provision considering, among others, historical collection and write-off experience.

No provision for impairment losses on receivables was recognized in 2016, 2015, and 2014. Receivables, net of allowance for impairment losses, amounted to ₱5.7 million and ₱5.0 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Allowance for impairment losses amounted to ₱41,550 as at December 31, 2016 and 2015 (see Note 5).

*Determination of Impairment Losses on AFS Financial Asset.* The Group assesses AFS financial asset as impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost or whether other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is 'significant' or 'prolonged' requires judgment. The Group treats 'significant' generally as 20% or more of the original cost of investment, and 'prolonged' as period more than 12 months. In addition, the Group evaluates other factors, including future cash flows and the discount factors for the unquoted equities.

No provision for impairment losses on AFS financial asset was recognized in 2016, 2015 and 2014. The carrying amount of the Group's AFS financial asset amounted to ₱2.0 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015 (see Note 8).

*Capitalization of Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures.* The capitalization of exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether there are future economic benefits from future exploitation or sale of reserves. The capitalization requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions about future events or circumstances, in particular, whether an economically viable extraction operation can be established. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in profit or loss in the period when the new information becomes available.

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, deferred mining exploration costs amounting to ₱2.6 million was fully impaired (see Note 9).

*Estimation of Useful Lives of Property and Equipment.* The Group estimates the useful lives of property and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimates are based on a collective assessment of industry practice, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. The estimated useful lives of property and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the assets. Future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above. The amount and timing of recording of depreciation and amortization expense for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances.

There were no changes in the estimated useful lives of the Group's property and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014.

Depreciation and amortization amounted to ₱0.4 million, ₱0.9 million and ₱1.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization amounted to ₱0.1 million and ₱1.1 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively (see Note 10).

*Estimation of Impairment Losses on Nonfinancial Assets.* The Group assesses the impairment on nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets or group of assets may not be recoverable. Factors that the Group considers in deciding when to perform impairment review of investment in an associate and property and equipment include the following, among others:

- A significant decline in market value of asset is more than would be expected from the passage of time or normal use.
- A significant adverse change in how the asset is being used or in its physical condition.
- A significant change in the technological, legal or economic environment in which the business operates.
- A current-period loss combined with a history of losses or a projection of continuing losses associated with the asset.
- A realization that the asset will be disposed of significantly before the end of its estimated useful life.

Factors that the Group considers in deciding when to perform impairment review of deferred mining exploration cost includes the following among others:

- The period for which the Group has the right to explore the specific areas has expired or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed.
- Substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned.
- Exploration and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the entity has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area.
- Sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of explored mineral resource is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.
- Significant under-performance of a business or product line in relation to expectations.
- Significant negative industry or economic trends.
- Significant changes or planned changes in the use of the assets.

In 2016, 2015 and 2014, management assessed that there are no impairment indicators relating to the Group's property and equipment.

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, the recoverable amount from the Group's investment in FEL exceeds its carrying amount.

Accumulated impairment losses on deferred mining exploration costs amounted to ₱2.6 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015 (see Note 9).



The carrying amount of investment in an associate, deferred mining exploration costs, and property and equipment are disclosed in Notes 7, 9, and 10 to consolidated financial statements, respectively.

*Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets.* The carrying amount of deferred tax assets at each reporting date are reviewed and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. The Group's assessment on the recognition of deferred tax assets on deductible temporary differences is based on the forecasted taxable income of the subsequent reporting periods. This forecast is based on the Group's past results and future expectations on revenue and expenses.

The Group has unrecognized deferred tax assets amounting to ₱19.2 million and ₱14.6 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively (see Note 17). Management has assessed that it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which these deferred tax assets can be utilized.

#### 4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	2016	2015
Cash on hand and in banks	₱3,155,576	₱2,991,299
Short-term placements	142,682,055	169,762,107
	<b>₱145,837,631</b>	<b>₱172,753,406</b>

Cash in banks earn interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates. Short-term placements are made for varying periods of up to three months and earn interest at the respective short-term placement rates.

Interest income earned on cash in banks and short-term placements amounted to ₱2.8 million in 2016 and 2015 and ₱3.1 million in 2014.

#### 5. Receivables

This account consists of:

	Note	2016	2015
Receivable from related parties	12	₱4,520,684	₱4,186,156
Accounts receivable		595,431	188,624
Advances to officers and employees		409,397	472,563
Accrued interest		17,188	55,862
Others		170,928	155,288
		<b>5,713,628</b>	<b>5,058,493</b>
Less allowance for impairment losses		(41,550)	(41,550)
		<b>₱5,672,078</b>	<b>₱5,016,943</b>

Receivable from related parties are unsecured, noninterest-bearing, due and demandable and settlement occurs in cash.

Accounts receivable are unsecured, noninterest-bearing and normally settled in cash within 30 days from date of billing.

Advances to officers and employees are unsecured, noninterest-bearing and subject to liquidation.

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**6. Other Current Assets**

This account consists of:

	2016	2015
Input VAT	<b>₱7,485,493</b>	₱6,746,995
CWT	—	159,579
Prepayments	<b>44,679</b>	168,911
	<b>₱7,530,172</b>	₱7,075,485

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**7. Investment in an Associate**

Investment in an associate pertains to Tidemark's 27.14% ownership of FEL.

Movements of this investment are as follows:

	2016	2015
<b>Cost</b>	<b>₱767,159,868</b>	₱767,159,868
<b>Accumulated Share in Net Results of Operation</b>		
Balance at beginning of year	(361,009,236)	(338,800,984)
Share in net results of operations	(18,758,273)	(22,208,252)
Balance at end of year	(379,767,509)	(361,009,236)
<b>Cumulative Translation Adjustment</b>		
Balance at beginning of year	56,000,267	15,459,767
Foreign exchange differences	46,933,425	40,540,500
Balance at end of year	102,933,692	56,000,267
<b>Carrying Amount</b>	<b>₱490,326,051</b>	₱462,150,899

As discussed in Note 1, FEL encountered a delay in one of its drilling programs. It has submitted all the requirements for the issuance of required permits for the drilling program, however, the permit has not yet been issued by the relevant Government body.

Management determined that there is no impairment loss to be recognized in 2016 based on the most recent cash flow projections from FEL's service contracts.

The projections are based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a period of five (5) years and are determined from the past performances and expectations on market development. Cash inflows consider the existing contracts and management's estimate of the average price per barrel of oil and revenue growth range. The cash flow projections were discounted using a rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risk specific to FEL. The Management's assessment of the status of each service contracts is also discussed in Note 1.

Following are the summarized financial information of FEL as at and for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014 (in millions):

	2016	2015	2014
Current assets	<b>₱143.0</b>	₱109.4	₱103.8
Noncurrent assets	<b>1,661.1</b>	1,627.7	1,592.0
Current liabilities	<b>3.6</b>	3.3	59.4
Noncurrent liabilities	<b>1,096.4</b>	1,016.5	875.6
Equity	<b>704.1</b>	717.3	760.8
Net income (loss)	<b>(69.1)</b>	(81.8)	9.7

#### 8. AFS Financial Asset

This account pertains to the Parent Company's investment in unquoted shares of stock which is carried at cost amounting to ₱2.0 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Fair value bases for the shares (i.e., quoted market prices) are neither readily available nor is there an alternative basis of deriving a reliable valuation as at reporting date.

#### 9. Deferred Mining Exploration Cost

The realizability of deferred mining exploration cost is dependent upon the success of future exploration and development activities in proving the mining property's viability to produce minerals in commercial quantities, the outcome of which cannot be determined at this stage of the Parent Company's operations.

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, deferred mining exploration cost of ₱2.6 million was fully impaired upon management's determination that the related projects were unsuccessful.

#### 10. Property and Equipment

Movements of this account are as follows:

	2016					
	Exploration Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
<b>Cost</b>						
Balance at beginning of year	₱128,378	₱4,422,518	₱1,346,486	₱1,355,749	₱3,076,436	₱10,329,567
Additions	—	—	36,046	1,766	—	37,812
Disposals	(72,143)	—	—	(31,660)	(1,402,857)	(1,506,660)
Balance at end of year	56,235	4,422,518	1,382,532	1,325,855	1,673,579	8,860,719
<b>Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization</b>						
Balance at beginning of year	93,500	1,400,805	1,346,486	1,280,301	2,061,820	9,182,912
Depreciation and amortization	12,429	8,619	4,506	20,706	396,566	442,826
Disposal	(66,131)	—	—	(31,660)	(792,838)	(890,629)
Balance at end of year	39,798	4,409,424	1,350,992	1,269,347	1,665,548	8,735,109
<b>Carrying Amount</b>	<b>₱16,437</b>	<b>₱13,094</b>	<b>₱31,540</b>	<b>₱56,508</b>	<b>₱8,031</b>	<b>₱125,610</b>

	2015					
	Exploration Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Total
<b>Cost</b>						
Balance at beginning of year	P128,378	P4,422,518	P1,346,486	P1,352,383	P3,068,405	P10,318,170
Additions	—	—	—	3,366	8,031	11,397
Balance at end of year	128,378	4,422,518	1,346,486	1,355,749	3,076,436	10,329,567
<b>Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization</b>						
Balance at beginning of year	56,170	4,250,506	1,345,582	1,220,673	1,453,481	8,326,412
Depreciation and amortization	37,330	150,299	904	59,628	608,339	856,500
Balance at end of year	93,500	4,400,805	1,346,486	1,280,301	2,061,820	9,182,912
<b>Carrying Amount</b>	<b>P34,878</b>	<b>P21,713</b>	<b>P—</b>	<b>P75,448</b>	<b>P1,014,616</b>	<b>P1,146,655</b>

In 2016, the Group sold its property and equipment at the exploration site for a consideration of P0.6 million, resulting to a loss of P7,102.

In 2014, the Group sold fully depreciated exploration equipment for P85,590.

## 11. Payables and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	Note	2016	2015
Payables to related parties	12	P1,120,172	P12,112,428
Accruals:			
Utilities and other office expenses		204,185	992,942
Professional fees		180,000	220,000
Rent		—	47,000
Others		590,713	790,847
		<b>P2,095,070</b>	<b>P14,163,217</b>

Payables to related parties are non-interest bearing, due and demandable and payable in cash.

Accrued expenses and other payables are normally settled within a year.

## 12. Related Party Transactions

The Group, in its regular conduct of business, has transactions with its related parties. The following table summarizes the transactions with related parties (entities with common management) and the related outstanding balances as at December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Nature of Transaction	Amount of Transactions		Outstanding Balance	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
<b>Receivable from related parties</b>				
<i>Entities under common management:</i>				
Alphaland Corporation (ALPHA)	Allocated costs	P—	P—	P2,794,966
Choice Insurance Brokerage, Inc.	Allocated costs	—	—	629,581
Alphaland Heavy Equipment Corporation	Allocated costs	—	426,931	426,931
Alphaland Baguio Mountain Log Homes, Inc. (formerly Alphaland Holdings Company, Inc.)	Sale of asset	418,019	—	418,019
Philweb Cambodia Ltd.	Reimbursements	—	—	190,450
Acentic Philippines Inc.	Allocated costs	—	89,358	27,441
Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc.	Reimbursements	—	32,500	32,500
Alphaland Aviation Inc.	Reimbursements	—	796	796
			<b>P4,520,684</b>	<b>P4,186,156</b>

Nature of Transaction	Amount of Transactions		Outstanding Balance		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
<b>Payable to related parties</b>					
<i>Entities under common management:</i>					
Philweb Corporation (Philweb)	Allocated rent, salaries and other shared costs	<b>₱4,614,938</b>	₱4,407,450	<b>₱350,621</b>	<b>₱11,349,384</b>
Alphaland Southgate Tower, Inc. (ASTI, formerly Alphaland Development, Inc.)	Lease of office space and utilities	<b>1,566,707</b>	1,799,494	<b>582,369</b>	572,862
Alphaland Makati Place, Inc. (AMPI)	Lease of office space and utilities	<b>117,387</b>	—	—	—
ALPHA	Reimbursements	—	—	<b>187,182</b>	187,182
	Employee cooperative				
Philweb, Alphaland, Atok Credit Cooperative	contribution	—	3,000	—	3,000
			<b>₱1,120,172</b>	<b>₱12,112,428</b>	

The Parent Company has an existing Cost Sharing Agreement with Philweb for its share in rental and salaries of shared corporate services and its key management personnel.

Details of shared costs charged to the Group are as follows (see Note 14):

	2016	2015	2014
Salaries and allowances	<b>₱3,234,369</b>	₱3,205,182	₱5,611,203
Rental	<b>1,380,569</b>	1,173,349	1,342,978
Others	-	28,919	-
	<b>₱4,614,938</b>	<b>₱4,407,450</b>	<b>₱6,954,181</b>

Receivable from and payable to related parties are unsecured, noninterest-bearing, due and demandable and settlement occurs in cash. The Group has not made any provision for impairment losses relating to the amounts owed by related parties.

Following are the intergroup balances presented under receivables account in the Parent Company's separate financial statements which were eliminated in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Nature of Transaction	Amount of Transactions		Outstanding Balance		Terms and Conditions	
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Receivable from related parties						
ABSTC	Allocated rent, salaries, utilities and reimbursements	₱813,946	₱773,350	₱932,251	₱445,588	Unsecured; non-interest bearing; payable on demand and are normally settled in cash
Tidemark	Advances	—	223,901	223,901	223,901	
			₱1,156,152	₱669,489		

### 13. Capital Stock

The composition of the Parent Company's capital stock consisting of all common shares as at December 31, 2016 and 2015 is as follows:

	Shares	Amount
Authorized - ₱1 par value	10,000,000,000	₱10,000,000,000
Issued and outstanding	953,963,474	₱953,963,474
Subscribed	1,591,036,526	1,591,036,526
	2,545,000,000	2,545,000,000
Less subscription receivable	-	1,485,000,000
	-	₱1,060,000,000

### 14. General and Administrative Expenses

This account consists of:

	Note	2016	2015	2014
Salaries and wages		₱4,814,255	₱5,783,506	₱5,918,995
Allocated expenses	12	4,614,938	4,407,450	6,954,181
Rent	16	2,049,849	2,170,757	1,188,087
PSE listing fee		1,123,769	1,123,769	1,717,134
Mining exploration cost		976,428	1,593,983	2,456,558
Professional fees		831,507	732,889	443,062
Utilities, dues and subscriptions		705,502	1,093,730	1,087,980
Representation		643,841	876,500	1,041,318
Medical and hospitalization		563,139	378,608	209,556
Communications		464,104	569,741	678,518
Depreciation and amortization	10	442,826	856,500	1,666,771
Supplies		369,391	302,578	254,814
Transportation and travel		194,942	291,704	842,127
Taxes and licenses		55,833	1,182,103	780,575
Others		840,134	563,821	368,207
		₱18,690,458	₱21,927,639	₱25,607,883

### 15. Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share

Basic and diluted loss per share is computed as follows:

	2016	2015	2014
Net loss (a)	(₱33,364,582)	(₱40,021,100)	(₱18,537,027)
Weighted average number of shares (b)	953,963,474	953,963,474	953,963,474
Basic and diluted loss per share (a/b)	(₱0.0350)	(₱0.0420)	(₱0.0194)

The Group has no dilutive potential common shares outstanding, therefore basic loss per share is the same as diluted loss per share.

## 16. Operating Leases

The Parent Company is a party to a noncancellable lease agreement with ASTI covering its office and parking spaces for a period of five years from January 1, 2010, renewable upon mutual consent of both parties. The lease agreement was extended until September 30, 2016.

In October 2016, the Parent Company entered into a lease agreement with AMPI for its office space. The term of the lease shall commence on October 10, 2016 until terminated by any party upon sixty (60) days advance written notice to the other party.

Under the terms of the covering lease agreements, the Parent Company is required to pay certain advance rental deposits which are shown as part of "Other noncurrent assets" in the consolidated statements of financial position amounting to ₱0.5 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015. Also included in this account are security deposits totaling ₱1.0 million and ₱0.9 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, which will become refundable to the Parent Company at the end of the lease contract.

Rent expense on leased properties that qualified as operating lease amounted to ₱2.0 million, ₱2.2 million and ₱1.2million in 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively (see Note 14).

Future minimum operating lease payable in less than one year amounted to ₱2.0 million and ₱1.8 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

## 17. Income Taxes

In 2016, the provision for current income tax represents RCIT for ABSTC. The Parent Company has no provision for current tax expense in 2016 due to its tax loss position. In 2015 and 2014, the provision for current income tax represents MCIT for the Parent Company and RCIT for ABSTC.

The deferred tax assets on the following temporary differences remain unrecognized by the Group as management believes that it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which these deferred tax assets will be utilized.

	2016	2015
NOLCO	₱18,375,642	₱13,198,761
Excess MCIT over RCIT	1,764	586,450
Accumulated impairment losses on:		
Deferred mining exploration cost	784,182	784,182
Receivables	12,465	12,465
	₱19,174,053	₱14,581,858

The Parent Company has NOLCO as at December 31, 2016 which can be carried forward and claimed as deduction from future taxable income as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Expired	Ending Balance	Valid Until
2016	P-	P17,256,270	P-	P17,256,270	2019
2015	20,317,195	-	-	20,317,195	2018
2014	23,678,676	-	-	23,678,676	2017
	<b>P43,995,871</b>	<b>P17,256,270</b>	<b>P-</b>	<b>P61,252,141</b>	

The Parent Company has excess MCIT over RCIT as at December 31, 2016 which can be carried forward and claimed as deduction against future income tax liability as follows:

Year Incurred	Beginning Balance	Incurred	Expired	Balance	Valid Until
2015	P29	P-	P-	P29	2018
2014	1,735	-	-	1,735	2017
2013	584,686	-	584,686	-	2016
	<b>P586,450</b>	<b>P-</b>	<b>P584,686</b>	<b>P1,764</b>	

The reconciliation between the income tax expense at statutory income tax rate and effective income tax rate is as follows:

	2016	2015	2014
Income tax benefit at statutory income tax rate	(P9,946,388)	(P11,940,424)	(P5,513,549)
Add (deduct) tax effects of:			
Share in net results of operation of an associate	5,627,482	6,662,476	(794,115)
Interest income already subjected to final tax	(835,345)	(853,062)	(916,633)
Expired MCIT	584,686	29,203	-
Nondeductible expenses	187,325	255,511	312,047
Expired NOLCO	-	5,862,705	23,497,536
Changes in unrecognized deferred tax assets	4,592,195	203,279	(16,426,757)
Income tax expense at effective tax rate	<b>P209,955</b>	<b>P219,688</b>	<b>P158,529</b>

#### 18. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), AFS financial asset, refundable deposits (presented under "Other noncurrent assets" account) and payables and other current liabilities (excluding statutory payables).

The main purpose of the Group's dealings in financial instruments is to fund its operations and capital expenditures.



The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. All risks faced by the Group are incorporated in the annual operating budget. Mitigating strategies and procedures are also devised to address the risks that inevitably occur so as not to affect the Group's operations and detriment forecasted results. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The main risk arising from the Group's financial instruments are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The BOD reviews and institutes policies for managing each of the risks and they are summarized below.

#### **Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other market prices will adversely affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

The Group is subject to minimal transaction and translation exposures resulting from currency exchange fluctuations in relation to its financial instruments. The Group regularly monitors outstanding financial assets and liabilities in foreign currencies and maintains them at a level responsive to the current exchange rates so as to minimize the risks related to these foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is a risk due to uncertainty in the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations. With respect to credit risk arising from the financial assets, the Group's exposure to credit risk arises from the default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments.

The Group trades mainly with recognized, creditworthy third parties as well as with related parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, the Group only deals with financial institutions duly evaluated and approved by the BOD.

The table below shows the credit quality per class of financial assets as at December 31:

	2016					
	Neither Past Due nor Impaired			Past Due but not Impaired	Impaired	Total
	High Grade	Standard Grace	Total			
Cash in banks and cash equivalents	P145,810,905	F—	P145,810,905	P—	P—	P145,810,905
Receivables*	5,262,681	—	5,262,681	—	41,550	5,304,231
Refundable deposits**	966,318	—	966,318	—	—	966,318
	P152,039,904	F—	P152,039,904	P—	P41,550	P152,081,454

\* Excluding advances to officers and employees

\*\* Presented in "Other noncurrent assets" account

	2015					
	Neither Past Due nor Impaired			Past Due but not Impaired	Impaired	Total
	High Grade	Standard Grade	Total			
Cash in banks and cash equivalents	P172,726,680	P—	P172,726,680	P—	P—	P172,726,680
Receivables*	4,544,380	—	4,544,380	—	41,550	4,585,930
Refundable deposits**	913,804	—	913,804	—	—	913,804
	P178,184,864	P—	P178,184,864	P—	P41,550	P178,226,414

\* Excluding advances to officers and employees

\*\* Presented in "Other noncurrent assets" account

The credit quality of the financial assets is managed by the Group using internal credit quality ratings. High grade consists of financial assets from counterparties with good financial condition and with relatively low defaults. This also includes transactions with related parties. Financial assets having risks of default but are still collectible are considered as standard grade accounts.

The Group has no financial assets that are past due but not impaired as at December 31, 2016 and 2015.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group manages liquidity risk by forecasting projected cash flows and maintaining a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility in operations. Treasury controls and procedures are in place to ensure that sufficient cash is maintained to cover daily operational and working capital requirements. Management closely monitors the Group's future and contingent obligations and sets up required cash reserves as necessary in accordance with internal requirements.

As at December 31, 2016 and 2015, payables to related parties are due and demandable while other current liabilities will be settled in less than three (3) months.

#### **Fair Value Measurement**

The table below presents the financial assets and liabilities of the Group whose carrying amounts approximate fair values due to the short-term nature of the transactions:

	2016	2015
<b>Financial Assets</b>		
Loans and receivables:		
Cash and cash equivalents	P145,837,631	P172,753,406
Receivables*	5,262,681	4,544,380
Refundable deposits**	966,318	913,804
	P152,066,630	P178,211,590
<b>Financial Liabilities</b>		
Other financial liabilities -		
Payables and other current liabilities***	P2,045,055	P13,996,096

\* Excluding advances to officers and employees

\*\* Presented in "Other noncurrent assets" account

\*\*\* Excluding statutory payables amounting to P50,015 and P167,121 as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively

**AFS Financial Asset.** AFS financial assets pertain to an investment in unquoted securities that are measured at cost since the fair value of the shares are not readily available.

**Capital Management Policy**

The primary objective of the Group’s capital management is to ensure its ability as a going concern and that it maintains healthy capital ratios in order to support its business operations and maximize shareholder value.

The Group considers its total equity amounting to ₱652.3 million and ₱638.8 million as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, as capital employed.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio which is calculated as total debt divided by total equity. Total debt comprises of payable and other current liabilities. Total equity comprises all components of equity.

The debt-to-equity ratios as at December 31 are as follows:

	2016	2015
Total debt	<b>₱2,113,181</b>	<b>₱14,256,356</b>
Total equity	<b>652,344,890</b>	<b>638,776,047</b>
	<b>0.003:1</b>	<b>0.022:1</b>

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust its borrowings or raise capital. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes in 2016 and 2015.

**19. Segment Information**

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing types of services (business segment) or in providing the services within a particular economic environment (geographic segment).

The table below present financial information on business segments as at and for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015 and 2014:

	2016			
	Mining, Exploration and Development	Stock Transfer Agency	Eliminations	Total
<b>Segment Revenue</b>				
Revenue from external customers	₱—	<b>₱1,479,480</b>	₱—	<b>₱1,479,480</b>
Interest income	<b>2,757,642</b>	<b>26,841</b>	—	<b>2,784,483</b>
Other income	<b>28,704</b>	<b>1,437</b>	—	<b>30,141</b>
Income from other segments	—	<b>180,000</b>	<b>(180,000)</b>	<b>—</b>
Share in net results of operations of an associate	<b>(18,758,273)</b>	—	—	<b>(18,758,273)</b>
	<b>(15,971,927)</b>	<b>1,687,758</b>	<b>(180,000)</b>	<b>(14,464,169)</b>
Depreciation	<b>(435,643)</b>	<b>(7,183)</b>	—	<b>(442,826)</b>
Other general and administrative expense	<b>(17,464,468)</b>	<b>(963,164)</b>	<b>180,000</b>	<b>(18,247,632)</b>
Income tax expense	—	<b>(209,955)</b>	—	<b>(209,955)</b>
<b>Segment Operating Profit (Loss)</b>	<b>(₱33,872,038)</b>	<b>₱507,456</b>	<b>₱—</b>	<b>(₱33,364,582)</b>
<b>Segment Assets</b>	<b>₱1,568,202,537</b>	<b>₱4,166,780</b>	<b>(₱917,911,246)</b>	<b>₱654,458,071</b>

2015				
	Mining, Exploration and Development	Stock Transfer Agency	Eliminations	Total
<b>Segment Revenue</b>				
Revenue from external customers	P—	P1,463,297	P—	P1,463,297
Interest income	2,833,830	9,709	—	2,843,539
Other income	26,261	1,382	—	27,643
Income from other segments	—	198,200	(198,200)	—
Share in net results of operations of an associate	(22,208,252)	—	—	(22,208,252)
	(19,348,161)	1,672,588	(198,200)	(17,873,773)
Depreciation	(854,704)	(1,796)	—	(856,500)
Other general and administrative expense	(20,340,454)	(928,885)	198,200	(21,071,139)
Income tax expense	(29)	(219,659)	—	(219,688)
<b>Segment Operating Profit (Loss)</b>	<b>(P40,543,348)</b>	<b>P522,248</b>	<b>P—</b>	<b>(P40,021,100)</b>
<b>Segment Assets</b>	<b>P1,548,377,682</b>	<b>P3,281,031</b>	<b>(P898,626,310)</b>	<b>P653,032,403</b>

2014				
	Mining, Exploration and Development	Stock Transfer Agency	Eliminations	Total
<b>Segment Revenue</b>				
Revenue from external customers	P—	P1,438,880	P—	P1,438,880
Interest income	3,037,774	17,668	—	3,055,442
Other income	87,900	112	—	88,012
Income from other segments	—	180,000	(180,000)	—
Share in net results of operations of an associate	2,647,051	—	—	2,647,051
	5,772,725	1,636,660	(180,000)	7,229,385
Depreciation	(1,661,346)	(5,425)	—	(1,666,771)
Other general and administrative expense	(23,030,189)	(1,090,923)	180,000	(23,941,112)
Income tax expense	(1,735)	(156,794)	—	(158,529)
<b>Segment Operating Profit (Loss)</b>	<b>(P18,920,545)</b>	<b>P383,518</b>	<b>P—</b>	<b>(P18,537,027)</b>
<b>Segment Assets</b>	<b>P1,521,074,520</b>	<b>P2,588,675</b>	<b>(P876,356,780)</b>	<b>P647,306,415</b>



**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR  
TO ACCOMPANY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FILING WITH THE  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors  
Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc. and Subsidiaries  
10th Floor, Alphaland Southgate Tower  
2258 Chino Roces Avenue corner EDSA  
Makati City

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc. (the Parent Company) and Subsidiaries as at and for the year ended December 31, 2016, on which we have rendered our report dated March 22, 2017.

In compliance with Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, as amended, we are stating that the Parent Company has 2,987 stockholders owning one hundred (100) or more shares each.

**REYES TACANDONG & Co.**

**EMMANUEL V. CLARINO**

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 27455

Tax Identification No. 102-084-004-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until December 31, 2018

SEC Accreditation No. 1021-AR-1 Group A

Valid until April 30, 2017

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-5-2017

Valid until January 13, 2020

PTR No. 5908522

Issued January 3, 2017, Makati City

March 22, 2017

Makati City, Metro Manila

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD  
AUDIT TAX CONSULTING

Reyes Tacandong & Co. is a member of the RSM network. Each member of the RSM network is an independent accounting and consulting firm, and practices in its own right. The RSM network is not itself a separate legal entity of any description in any jurisdiction.

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## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors  
Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc.  
10th Floor, Alphaland Southgate Tower  
2258 Chino Roces Avenue corner EDSA  
Makati City

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Atok-Big Wedge Co., Inc. (the Group) and have issued our report thereon dated March 22, 2017. Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary schedules as at December 31, 2016 are the responsibility of the Group's management. These supplementary schedules include the following:

- Financial Ratios
- Adoption of Effective Accounting Standards and Interpretations
- Schedules required by Part II of SRC Rule 68, as Amended
- Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration

These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 Part II, as amended, and are not part of the financial statements. This information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, including comparing such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respect in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

### REYES TACANDONG & Co.

EMMANUEL V. CLARINO

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 27455

Tax Identification No. 102-084-004-000

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**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

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**FINANCIAL RATIOS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016, 2015 AND 2014**

Below is a schedule showing financial soundness indicators in the years 2016, 2015 and 2014.

	2016	2015	2014
<b>Current/Liquidity Ratio</b>	<b>75.26:1</b>	<b>12.97:1</b>	<b>21.77:1</b>
Current assets	<b>₱159,039,881</b>	<b>₱184,845,834</b>	<b>₱197,028,882</b>
Current liabilities	<b>2,113,181</b>	<b>14,256,356</b>	<b>9,049,768</b>
<b>Solvency Ratio</b>	<b>(15.58):1</b>	<b>(2.75):1</b>	<b>(1.86):1</b>
Net loss before depreciation	<b>(₱32,921,756)</b>	<b>(₱39,164,600)</b>	<b>(₱16,870,256)</b>
Total liabilities	<b>2,113,181</b>	<b>14,256,356</b>	<b>9,049,768</b>
<b>Debt-to-equity Ratio</b>	<b>0.003:1</b>	<b>0.02:1</b>	<b>0.01:1</b>
Total liabilities	<b>₱2,113,181</b>	<b>₱14,256,356</b>	<b>₱9,049,768</b>
Total equity	<b>652,344,890</b>	<b>638,776,047</b>	<b>638,256,647</b>
<b>Asset-to-equity Ratio</b>	<b>1.00:1</b>	<b>1.02:1</b>	<b>1.01:1</b>
Total assets	<b>₱654,458,071</b>	<b>₱653,032,403</b>	<b>₱647,306,415</b>
Total equity	<b>652,344,890</b>	<b>638,776,047</b>	<b>638,256,647</b>
<b>Profitability Ratio</b>	<b>(0.05):1</b>	<b>(0.06):1</b>	<b>(0.03):1</b>
Net loss	<b>(₱33,364,582)</b>	<b>(₱40,021,100)</b>	<b>(₱18,537,027)</b>
Total equity	<b>652,344,890</b>	<b>638,776,047</b>	<b>638,256,647</b>

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**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

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**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF ADOPTION OF  
EFFECTIVE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS  
DECEMBER 31, 2016**

Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
<b>Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements</b>			
Conceptual Framework Phase A: Objectives and qualitative characteristics	✓		
PFRS Practice Statement Management Commentary			✓

**Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS)**

PFRS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters			✓
	Amendment to PFRS 1: Limited Exemption from Comparative PFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Date for First-time Adopters			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Government Loans			✓
PFRS 2	Share-based Payment			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions			✓
PFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations	✓		
	Amendment to PFRS 3: Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination			✓
	Amendment to PFRS 3: Scope Exceptions for Joint Ventures			✓
PFRS 4	Insurance Contracts			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 4: Financial Guarantee Contracts			✓



PFRS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations			✓
	Amendment to PFRS 5: Changes in Methods of Disposal			✓
PFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources	✓		
PFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Transition	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets - Effective Date and Transition	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	✓		
	Amendment to PFRS 7: Servicing Contracts			✓
	Amendment to PFRS 7: Applicability of the Amendments to PFRS 7 to Condensed Interim Financial Statements			✓
PFRS 8	Operating Segments	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 8: Aggregation of Operating Segments	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 8: Reconciliation of the Total of the Reportable Segments' Assets to the Entity's Assets	✓		
PFRS 9	Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets	✓		
	Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement of Financial Liabilities	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 9: Mandatory Effective Date of PFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures	✓		
PFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 10: Transition Guidance	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 10: Investment Entities	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 10: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	✓		
PFRS 11	Joint Arrangements			✓

PFRS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
	Amendments to PFRS 11: Transition Guidance			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations			✓
PFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 12: Transition Guidance	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 12: Investment Entities	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 12: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	✓		
PFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	✓		
	Amendment to PFRS 13: Short-term Receivables and Payables	✓		
	Amendment to PFRS 13: Portfolio Exception	✓		
PFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts			✓

**Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS)**

PAS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 1 (Revised): Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation			✓
	Amendments to PAS 1 (Revised): Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 1: Clarification of the Requirements for Comparative Presentation	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 1: Disclosure Initiative	✓		
PAS 2	Inventories			✓
PAS 7	Statement of Cash Flows	✓		
PAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	✓		
PAS 10	Events after the Reporting Period	✓		
PAS 11	Construction Contracts			✓
PAS 12	Income Taxes	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 12 - Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets	✓		
PAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment	✓		

PAS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
	Amendment to PAS 16: Classification of Servicing Equipment			✓
	Amendment to PAS 16: Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Depreciation			✓
	Amendment to PAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment - Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 16: Agriculture: Bearer Plants			✓
PAS 17	Leases	✓		
PAS 18	Revenue	✓		
PAS 19 (Revised)	Employee Benefits	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 19 (Revised): Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions			✓
	Amendment to PAS 19: Discount Rate: Regional Market Issue			✓
PAS 20	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance			✓
PAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	✓		
	Amendment: Net Investment in a Foreign Operation	✓		
PAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing Costs			✓
PAS 24 (Revised)	Related Party Disclosures	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 24: Key Management Personnel	✓		
PAS 26	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans			✓
PAS 27 (Amended)	Separate Financial Statements			✓
	Amendments to PAS 27: Investment Entities			✓
	Amendments to PAS 27: Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements			✓
PAS 28 (Amended)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 28: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	✓		
PAS 29	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies			✓
PAS 32	Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation	✓		
	Financial Instruments: Presentation	✓		

PAS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
	Amendments to PAS 32: Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation			✓
	Amendment to PAS 32: Classification of Rights Issues			✓
	Amendments to PAS 32: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities			✓
	Amendments to PAS 32: Tax Effect of Distribution to Holders of Equity Instruments			✓
PAS 33	Earnings per Share	✓		
PAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 34: Interim Financial Reporting and Segment Information for Total Assets and Liabilities			✓
	Amendment to PAS 34: Disclosure of Information 'Elsewhere in the Interim Financial Report'			✓
PAS 36	Impairment of Assets	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 36: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets	✓		
PAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	✓		
PAS 38	Intangible Assets			✓
	Amendment to PAS 38: Intangible Assets - Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Amortization			✓
	Amendment to PAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization			✓
PAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 39: Transition and Initial Recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 39: Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intragroup Transactions			✓
	Amendments to PAS 39: The Fair Value Option			✓
	Amendments to PAS 39: Financial Guarantee Contracts			✓
	Amendments to PAS 39: Reclassification of Financial Assets	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 39: Reclassification of Financial Assets - Effective Date and Transition	✓		
	Amendments PAS 39: Embedded Derivatives			✓
	Amendment to PAS 39: Eligible Hedged Items			✓

PAS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
	Amendments to PAS 39: Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting			✓
PAS 40	Investment Property			✓
	Amendment to PAS 40: Investment Property – Clarifying the Interrelationship between PFRS 3, Business Combination and PAS 40 when Classifying Property as Investment Property or Owner-occupied Property			✓
PAS 41	Agriculture			✓
	Amendment to PAS 41: Agriculture: Bearer Plants			✓

**Philippine Interpretations**

Interpretations	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
IFRIC 1	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities			✓
IFRIC 2	Members' Share in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments			✓
IFRIC 4	Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease	✓		
IFRIC 5	Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds			✓
IFRIC 6	Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market - Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment			✓
IFRIC 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under PAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies			✓
IFRIC 9	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives			✓
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-9: Embedded Derivatives			✓
IFRIC 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	✓		
IFRIC 12	Service Concession Arrangements			✓
IFRIC 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes			✓
IFRIC 14	The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction			✓
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretations IFRIC- 14, Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement			✓
IFRIC 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation			✓

Interpretations	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
IFRIC 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners			✓
IFRIC 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers			✓
IFRIC 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments			✓
IFRIC 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine			✓
IFRIC 21	Levies			✓

**PHILIPPINE INTERPRETATIONS - SIC**

Interpretations	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
SIC-7	Introduction of the Euro			✓
SIC-10	Government Assistance - No Specific Relation to Operating Activities			✓
SIC-15	Operating Leases - Incentives	✓		
SIC-25	Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders			✓
SIC-27	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease	✓		
SIC-29	Service Concession Arrangements: Disclosures.			✓
SIC-31	Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services			✓
SIC-32	Intangible Assets - Web Site Costs			✓

**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**SEC SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES AS REQUIRED BY PAR. 6 PART II OF**  
**SRC RULE 68 AS AMENDED**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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C	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	2
D	Intangible Assets - Other Assets	N/A
E	Long-Term Debt	N/A
F	Indebtedness to Related Parties	3
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ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE B - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, RELATED PARTIES AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS (OTHER THAN RELATED PARTIES)

December 31, 2016

Name and Designation of Debtor	Balance at beginning of period	Deductions		Ending Balance		Balance at end of period
		Collected	Written Off	Current	Noncurrent	
Alphaland Corporation	P2,794,966	P-	P-	P2,794,966	P-	P2,794,966
Choice Insurance Brokerage, Inc.	629,581	-	-	629,581	-	629,581
Alphaland Heavy Equipment Corporation	426,931	-	-	426,931	-	426,931
Alphaland Baguio Mountain Log Homes, Inc.	-	-	418,019	418,019	-	418,019
Philweb Cambodia Ltd.	190,450	-	-	190,450	-	190,450
Acentic Philippines Inc.	110,932	172,849	-	27,441	-	27,441
Alphaland Balesin Island Club, Inc.	32,500	-	-	32,500	-	32,500
Alphaland Aviation, Inc.	796	-	-	796	-	796
Total	P4,186,156	P172,849	P507,377	P4,520,684	P-	P4,520,684



ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE C - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING THE CONSOLIDATION  
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
December 31, 2016

	Balance at beginning of period	Additions	Deductions		Ending Balance		Balance at end of period
			Collections	Write Off	Current	Noncurrent	
<u>Related Party</u>							
AB Stock Transfers Corporation	P445,588	P813,946	P327,283	P-	P932,251	P-	P932,251
Tidemark Holdings Limited	223,901	-	-	-	223,901	-	223,901
	P669,489	P813,946	P327,283	P-	P1,156,152	P-	P1,156,152

**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**SCHEDULE F - INDEBTEDNESS TO RELATED PARTIES**  
**December 31, 2016**

Related Party	Balance at beginning of period	Additions	Payment	Ending Balance		Balance at end of period
				Current	Noncurrent	
Philweb Corporation	₱11,349,384	₱4,614,938	₱15,613,701	₱350,621	₱-	₱350,621
Alphaland Southgate Tower, Inc.	572,862	1,566,707	1,557,200	582,369	-	582,369
Alphaland Makati Place, Inc.	-	117,387	117,387	-	-	-
Alphaland Corporation	187,182	-	-	187,182	-	187,182
Philweb, Alphaland, Atok Credit Cooperative	3,000	-	3,000	-	-	-
Total	₱12,112,428	₱6,299,032	₱17,291,288	₱1,120,172	₱-	₱1,120,172

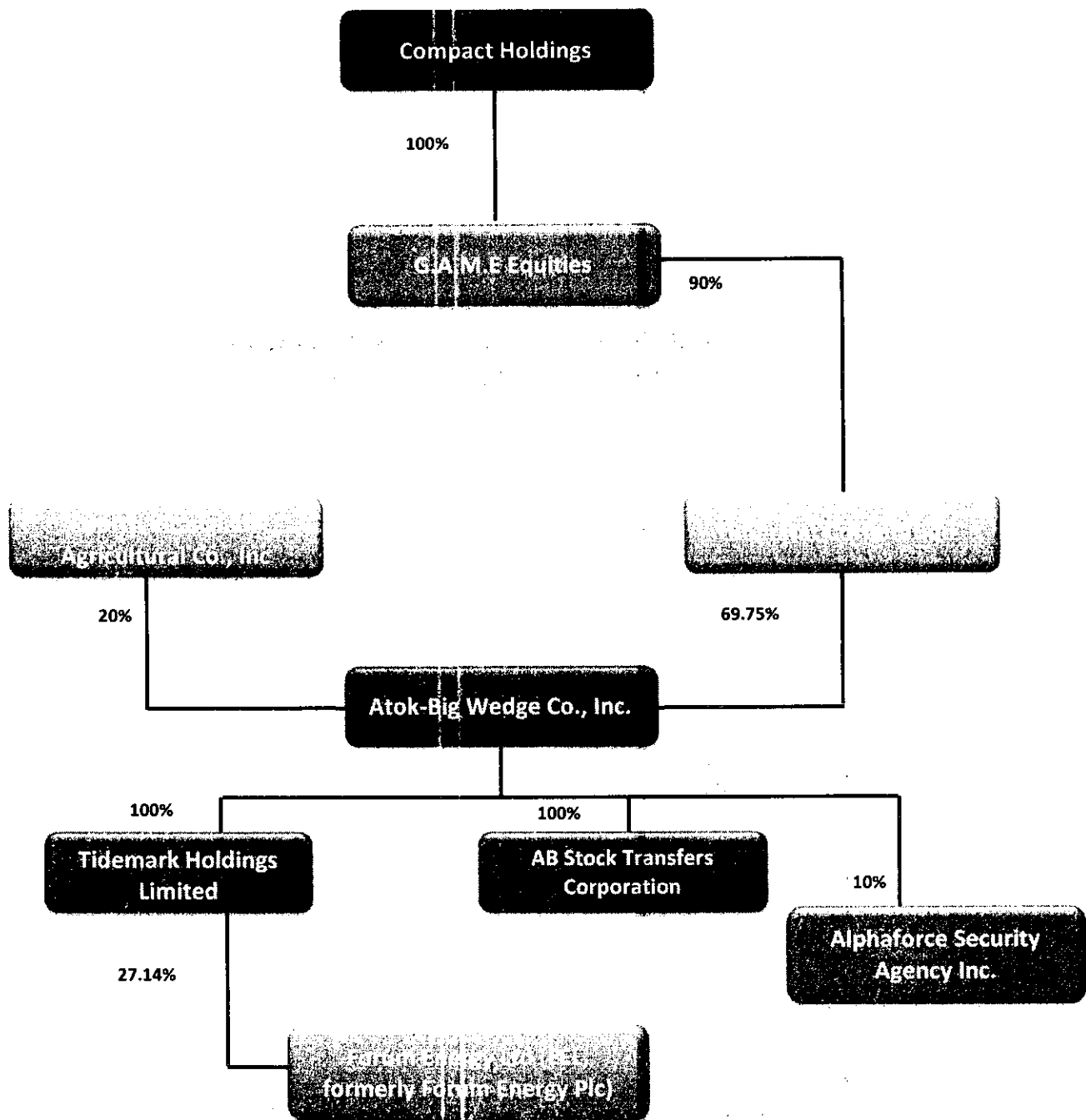
ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE H - CAPITAL STOCK

December 31, 2016

Title of Issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding as shown under the statement of financial position caption			Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion & other rights	Number of shares held by		
		Paid-up	Subscribed	Total		Related parties	Directors, officers and employees	Public
Common stock - P1 par value per share	10,000,000,000	1,060,000,000	1,485,000,000	2,545,000,000	-	2,284,218,804	4,707	260,776,489

ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
SCHEDULE I -MAP OF GROUP STRUCTURE



**ATOK-BIG WEDGE CO., INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF RECONCILIATION RETAINED EARNINGS**  
**AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2016**

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Deficit at beginning of year	(P341,282,719)
Add: 2012 impairment loss on investment in a subsidiary	223,495,475
Deficit as adjusted to amount available for dividend declaration, at beginning of year	(117,787,244)
Net loss during the year closed to retained earnings	(15,142,469)
Deficit available for dividend declaration, at end of year	(P132,929,713)

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